

Reginald May 26th/15-

# LAW CLERK VOLUNTEER.

## Exemption Granted.

At the Full Court on Tuesday morning (before the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Murray, and Mr. Justice Buchanan), Mr. Paris Nesbit, K.C., made an application for the exemption from rules in the matter of George Harold Holland, a law clerk, article to Mr. R. H. Lathlean, of the firm of Holland & Lathlean, solicitors, of Waymouth street, Adelaide. Mr. Nesbit asked for an order in terms of one made in the matter of Paul Teesdale Smith, dated December 19, 1914, namely, an order "that the period of absence of George Harold Holland on active service, on account of the war and the period occupied in his return therefrom, be counted as part of the terms of service under his articles." The applicant was now a trooper on active service in the 4th Light Horse Brigade Train. Mr. Nesbit stated that the Secretary of the Law Society (Mr. C. A. Edmunds) had intimated that they would support such applications for exemption.

His Honor granted the application, and referred to the fact that Austria and Turkey were not mentioned in the form of the application. It was possible that there might be an alteration in the countries at war before peace was declared. Some countries might withdraw, and Roumania, for instance, might join the Allies.

Mr. Nesbit—I wish they would.

*Daily Herald  
27 May 1915*

## SCHOOL TEACHERS AND WAR EDUCATION DEPARTMENT VOLUNTEERS.

SYDNEY, May 28.

A return compiled by the Minister of Education shows that 147 teachers and officers of the Education Department have volunteered for active service. Of these nine had been wounded and two killed.

*Advertises 27 May*

### THE UNIVERSITY SOCIETY OF COMMERCE.

Mr. R. J. HAWKES will deliver an ADDRESS,  
"WAR IN ITS RELATION TO FINANCE,"  
FRIDAY, 28th Inst., at 8 p.m., PRINCE OF  
WALES THEATRE, UNIVERSITY.

Other Speakers—Mr. John Shields and Professor  
Mitchell, D.Sc.

Public invited. Admission free.

N

## NEW METHODS IN INFANT SCHOOLS.

Speaking at a social, tendered to the Labour members of Parliament for the district at St. Peters on Tuesday evening, the Premier (Hon. C. Vaughan) stated that he was now engaged in the task of instituting the Montessori method into the infant schools. He had instructed the Director of Education to send to Sydney two women teachers for the purpose of gathering up the crumbs of knowledge that fell from the Montessori table in the school at Blackfriars, near Sydney. He had also asked that two inspectors should proceed to Sydney with a view to obtain an insight into the work of the agricultural high schools, so that a similar one might be established on the valuable piece of land generously donated to the department by Mr. Peter Waite. Then there was the question of technical education. In that connection the Government was following out the recommendations of the Education Commission. It proposed to establish a junior technical school forthwith, which would lead up to a higher technical school, and thence to the University. They required co-operation in education and correlation between the kindergarten and the University. He believed that in a proper system of technical education, both primary and higher, lay the industrial salvation of their country. The agricultural side of the problem, in a land where primary production was of the first importance, was one they could not afford to overlook. These schemes would cost money. They would mean an increase in their teaching staff, because it was impossible to teach children efficiently with the present overcrowded condition of their schools. It was unfair both to the teacher and to the child. He believed that the community would generously foot the bill, resulting from the contemplated improvement of their education system, provided, of course, that the Government made due allowance for the financial stress caused by the war.

Register, 27th May/15

## GENEROUS PATRIOTS.

Another example of the intensity of the prevailing desire to be of service to the nation has been shown by the generous donor of a military hospital, who wishes to preserve his anonymity. In view of the demand for quarters in which to place the wounded troops returned from Egypt, the military authorities have been confronted with the problem of securing suitable buildings. Prompted to lend his material aid, a gentleman authorized Mr. W. B. Wilkinson to enter into an arrangement with the owners of a residence, known as Tranmere, formerly the home of the late Mr. Hunt, and situated on the Magill road, for a two-years' lease at a rental of £250 per annum, and to offer it on his (the anonymous donor's) behalf to the Defence Department for use as a hospital for convalescent soldiers. Mr. Wilkinson has communicated with Major Rogers (Medical Officer in Charge of Military Hospitals), and it is expected that the authorities will welcome the liberal offer. Owing to its proximity to Adelaide, and its healthful situation and surroundings, the home should prove a valuable asset in quickly restoring wounded soldiers to normal health. Standing back from the road, on portion of an area covering four acres, the home has 17 rooms, together with ample verandah and balcony accommodation. At any rate, the public will appreciate the donor's philanthropy, and will, no doubt, lend their aid to make the home a credit to the State. Following the statement in The Register on Wednesday that Mr. R. Barr Smith had generously placed his magnificent residence at Torrens Park at the disposal of the nation for use as a convalescent hospital, and that it had also been decided by the Government to utilize the new Home for the Aged at Magill for a general hospital for the wounded, it is understood that the fine building being erected as an institution for the blind at North Adelaide, opposite to the Children's Hospital, has been offered to the Government to be used as an hospital for wounded soldiers. There is little doubt that the committee of the institution, whose assent to the proposal is being awaited, will agree to hand over the building for the purpose mentioned. The place is understood to be capable of accommodating 300 patients, and in view of its proximity to the metropolis its importance as a home for injured troops cannot be over estimated.