

TELEPHONE 47726.

DEPARTMENT OF  
ZOOLOGY AND COMPARATIVE ANATOMY,  
UNIVERSITY MUSEUM, OXFORD.

May 23<sup>rd</sup> 1948.

My dear Ron.

I have been away for three days inspecting a colony of Melitaea aurinia in which a big fluctuation in numbers is apparently taking place, so the letters of Friday and Saturday have had to await my return today (Sunday).

First, I think the method of presentation of the icarus data (returning herewith) is more clear and helpful. I am sure it would be excellent to set them out in this way.

I am interested to see that you are using different death-rates for the two sexes, and this must surely be in accord with reality. The two sexes are indeed different populations, with different habits and times of emergence from the pupa (the ♀'s

on the average appear the later) so that they have a different ecology. There is indeed very reason for thinking the two sexes may have different lengths of life.

The calculations show that at first the ♂♂ outnumber the ♀♀ and thereafter the ♀ numbers rise rapidly. This is fully in accord with observation and general expectation. As you say, the estimate for ♂♂ for the last two days must be heavily in error of the fact. Indeed it depends upon a single recapture, so that the error involved must be very great.

The only factual points which need raising are these : -

#### Area I ♂ for the 23<sup>rd</sup>.

You give 5 marks recaptured, which accords with my data. These are as follows : -

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<u>Date.</u>	<u>Sex.</u>	<u>Marks per Specimen.</u>	<u>Date of previous capture.</u>
23 <sup>rd</sup> .	♂	1	22 <sup>nd</sup>
"	♂	1	22 <sup>nd</sup>
"	♂	1	19 <sup>th</sup>
"	♂	2	19 <sup>th</sup> & 22 <sup>nd</sup>

This seems to give you total age of marks caught 11, but you have 9 for this entry. I wonder if I have set down the data incorrectly here.

The only other points relate to the days on which two ~~the~~ samples are taken (28<sup>th</sup> & 29<sup>th</sup>). I have set these data out more fully on a separate sheet, to make them clearer.

The results accord perfectly with your columns 4, 5, 6. Yet they do not quite seem to fit you column 2. I see this works strictly as indicated new marks released. Thus on the 22<sup>nd</sup> (♂) 41 unmarked are caught of which 40 were released, while 3 previously marked (after being marked)

me caught (and released). This gives you figure 43.

However, on 28<sup>th</sup> morning (your 28A) <sup>unmarked</sup> 28 were caught & 26 released (after having been marked) while 1 previously marked was <sup>or released</sup> caught. This makes 27 new marks (against your 28).

You will see there are other similar corrections for these two days (28<sup>th</sup> & 29<sup>th</sup> only) and for column 2 only. I am afraid I did not set out well what had happened in regard to these days on which morning and afternoon samples were caught. I think this will be clear from the sheet of figures I now send.

So I think the calculations are splendid, and exactly set forth what is needed. And thank you, my dear Ron, for all your work and interest.

Yours ever,  
Henry