

ATLAS Collaboration

[Search for R-parity-violating supersymmetry in events with four or more leptons in \$\sqrt{s}=7\$ TeV pp collisions with the ATLAS detector](#)

The Journal of High Energy Physics, 2012; 2012:124

Open Access, Copyright CERN, for the benefit of the ATLAS collaboration

The electronic version of this article is the complete one and can be found online at:

<http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2FJHEP12%282012%29124>

PERMISSIONS

<http://www.springeropen.com/authors/license>

SpringerOpen Access license agreement

Brief summary of the agreement

Anyone is free:

- to copy, distribute, and display the work;
- to make derivative works;
- to make commercial use of the work;

Under the following conditions: Attribution

- the original author must be given credit;
- for any reuse or distribution, it must be made clear to others what the license terms of this work are;
- any of these conditions can be waived if the authors gives permission.

Statutory fair use and other rights are in no way affected by the above.

<http://hdl.handle.net/2440/77331>

Search for R -parity-violating supersymmetry in events with four or more leptons in $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV pp collisions with the ATLAS detector



The ATLAS collaboration

E-mail: atlas.publications@cern.ch

ABSTRACT: A search for new phenomena in final states with four or more leptons (electrons or muons) is presented. The analysis is based on 4.7 fb^{-1} of $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV proton-proton collisions delivered by the Large Hadron Collider and recorded with the ATLAS detector. Observations are consistent with Standard Model expectations in two signal regions: one that requires moderate values of missing transverse momentum and another that requires large effective mass. The results are interpreted in a simplified model of R -parity-violating supersymmetry in which a 95% CL exclusion region is set for charged wino masses up to 540 GeV. In an R -parity-violating MSUGRA/CMSSM model, values of $m_{1/2}$ up to 820 GeV are excluded for $10 < \tan\beta < 40$.

KEYWORDS: Hadron-Hadron Scattering

Contents

| | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Introduction | 1 |
| 2 | <i>R</i>-parity-violating supersymmetry | 2 |
| 3 | <i>R</i>-parity-violating models | 2 |
| 4 | Detector description | 3 |
| 5 | Monte Carlo simulation | 4 |
| 6 | Event reconstruction and preselection | 4 |
| 7 | Signal region selection | 6 |
| 8 | Standard Model background estimation | 6 |
| | 8.1 Irreducible background processes | 7 |
| | 8.2 Reducible background processes | 7 |
| 9 | Systematic uncertainties | 8 |
| 10 | Background model validation | 10 |
| 11 | Results and interpretation | 10 |
| 12 | Summary | 14 |
| | The ATLAS collaboration | 20 |

1 Introduction

Events with four or more leptons are rarely produced in Standard Model (SM) processes while being predicted by a variety of theories for physics beyond the SM. These include supersymmetry (SUSY) [1–9], technicolour [10], and models with extra bosons [11] or heavy neutrinos [12]. This paper presents a search with the ATLAS detector for anomalous production of events with four or more leptons. “Leptons” refers to electrons or muons, including those from τ decays, but does not include τ leptons that decay hadronically. The analysis is based on 4.7 fb^{-1} of proton-proton collisions delivered by the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at a centre-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ between March and October 2011. The results are interpreted in the context of *R*-parity-violating (RPV) SUSY. Similar searches have been conducted at the Tevatron Collider [13, 14] and by CMS [15].

2 R -parity-violating supersymmetry

SUSY postulates the existence of SUSY particles, or “sparticles”, each with spin (S) differing by one-half unit from that of its SM partner. Gauge-invariant and renormalisable interactions introduced in SUSY models can violate the conservation of baryon (B) and lepton (L) number and lead to a proton lifetime shorter than current experimental limits [16]. This is usually solved by assuming that R -parity, defined by $P_R = (-1)^{2S+3B+L}$, is conserved [17–21], which makes the lightest supersymmetric particle (LSP) stable. In P_R -conserving models where the LSP is neutral and weakly interacting, sparticle production is characterised by large missing transverse momentum (E_T^{miss}) due to LSPs escaping detection. Many SUSY searches at hadron colliders rely on this large E_T^{miss} signature.

Alternatively, proton decay can be prevented by imposing other symmetries [22] that require the conservation of either lepton or baryon number, while allowing R -parity violation. Such models can accommodate non-zero neutrino masses and neutrino-mixing angles consistent with the observation of neutrino oscillations [23]. If R -parity is violated, the LSP decays into SM particles and the signature of large E_T^{miss} may be lost. Trilinear lepton-number-violating RPV interactions can generate both charged leptons and neutrinos during the LSP decay, and therefore lead to a characteristic signature with high lepton multiplicity and moderate values of E_T^{miss} compared to R -parity-conserving models.

3 R -parity-violating models

The results of this analysis are interpreted in two Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM) scenarios with an RPV superpotential term given by $W_{RPV} = \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k$. The i, j, k indices of the λ_{ijk} Yukawa couplings refer to the lepton generations. The lepton SU(2) doublet superfields are denoted by L_i , while the corresponding singlet superfields are given by E_k . Single coupling dominance is assumed with λ_{121} as the only non-zero coupling. The λ_{121} coupling is chosen as a representative model with multiple electrons and muons in the final state. Comparable signal yields are expected with a choice of λ_{122} single coupling dominance.

The first scenario is a simplified model [24] where the lightest chargino and neutralino are the only sparticles with masses below the TeV scale. Charginos ($\tilde{\chi}_i^\pm$, $i = 1, 2$) and neutralinos ($\tilde{\chi}_j^0$, $j = 1, 2, 3, 4$) are the mass eigenstates formed from the linear superposition of the SUSY partners of the Higgs and electroweak gauge bosons. These are the Higgsinos, winos and bino. Wino-like charginos are pair-produced and each decays into a W boson and a bino-like $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$, which is the LSP. The LSP then undergoes the three-body decay $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow e\mu\nu_e$ or $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\nu_\mu$ through a virtual slepton or sneutrino, with a branching fraction of 50% each, as shown in figure 1(a–c). The width of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ is fixed at a value of 100 MeV resulting in prompt decays.

The second scenario is taken from ref. [25] and is the $(m_{1/2}, \tan\beta)$ slice of the minimal Super GRAvity/Constrained MSSM (MSUGRA/CMSSM) containing the BC1 point

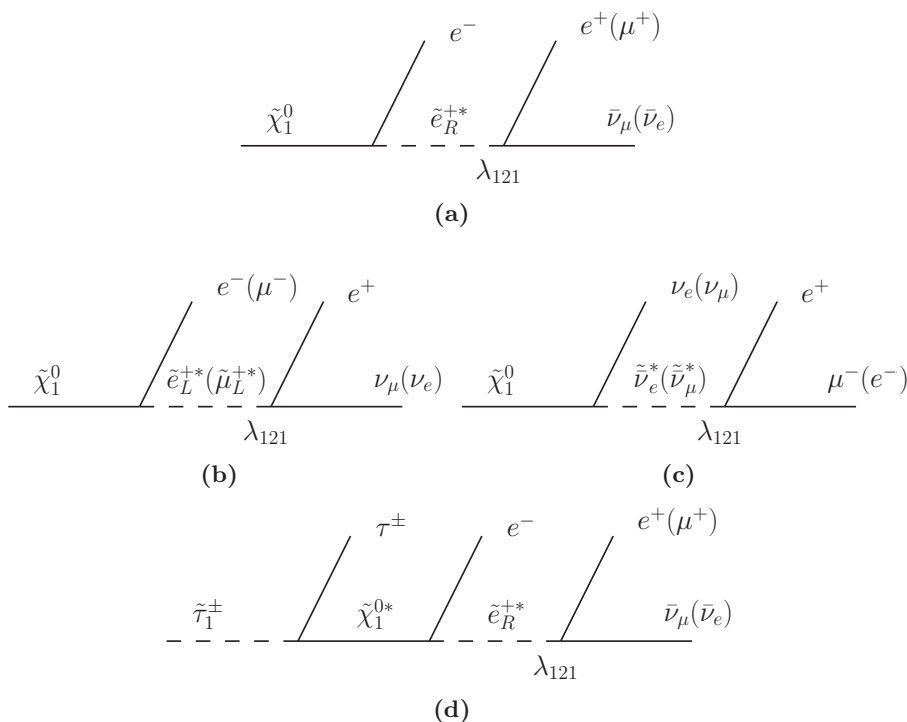


Figure 1. Illustration of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decay in the chosen simplified model (a–c), and the four-body $\tilde{\tau}_1$ decay in the MSUGRA/CMSSM model (d). The charge conjugate decay of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decay is implied.

of ref. [26]. The unification parameters m_0 and A_0 are zero and μ is positive.¹ The RPV coupling λ_{121} is set to 0.032 at the unification scale [27]. Both strong and weak processes contribute to SUSY pair production, where weak processes are dominant above $m_{1/2} \sim 600$ GeV. The lighter stau, $\tilde{\tau}_1$, is the LSP over most of the parameter-space, and decays with equal probability through the four-body decays $\tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \tau e \mu \nu_e$ or $\tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \tau e e \nu_\mu$, via a virtual neutralino and sneutrino or slepton, as shown in figure 1d. While the Higgs mass values in this model are lower than those of the recently observed Higgs-like resonance [28, 29], the MSUGRA/CMSSM scenario considered nevertheless remains an instructive benchmark model.

4 Detector description

ATLAS [30] is a multipurpose particle detector with forward-backward symmetric cylindrical geometry. It includes an inner tracker (ID) immersed in a 2 T axial magnetic field providing precision tracking of charged particles for pseudorapidities² $|\eta| < 2.5$. Sampling

¹The parameter m_0 is the universal scalar mass, $m_{1/2}$ is the universal gaugino mass, $\tan \beta$ is the ratio of the two Higgs vacuum expectation values in the MSSM, A_0 is the trilinear coupling and μ is the Higgs mixing parameter, all defined at the unification scale.

²ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the beam pipe. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$.

calorimeter systems with either liquid argon or scintillator tiles as the active media provide energy measurements over the range $|\eta| < 4.9$. The muon detectors are positioned outside the calorimeters and are contained in an air-core toroidal magnetic field produced by superconducting magnets with field integrals varying from 1 T·m to 8 T·m. They provide trigger and high-precision tracking capabilities for $|\eta| < 2.4$ and $|\eta| < 2.7$, respectively.

5 Monte Carlo simulation

Several Monte Carlo (MC) generators are used to simulate SM processes and new physics signals relevant for this analysis. SHERPA [31] is used to simulate the diboson processes WW , WZ and ZZ , where Z also includes virtual photons. These diboson samples correspond to all SM diagrams leading to the $l\nu\ell'\nu'$, $ll\ell'\nu'$, and $ll\ell'\ell'$ final states, where $l, \ell' = e, \mu, \tau$ and $\nu, \nu' = \nu_e, \nu_\mu, \nu_\tau$. Interference between the diagrams is taken into account. MadGraph [32] is used for the $t\bar{t}W$, $t\bar{t}WW$, $t\bar{t}Z$, $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ processes. MC@NLO [33] is chosen for the simulation of single and pair production of top quarks, and ALPGEN [34] is used to simulate W +jets and Z +jets processes. Expected diboson yields are normalised using next-to-leading-order (NLO) QCD predictions obtained with MCFM [35, 36]. The top-quark pair-production contribution is normalised to approximate next-to-next-to-leading-order calculations (NNLO) [37] and the $t\bar{t}W$, $t\bar{t}WW$, $t\bar{t}Z$ contributions are normalised to NLO predictions [38, 39]. The $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ yields are normalised to be consistent with the ATLAS cross-section measurements [40]. The QCD NNLO FEWZ [41, 42] cross-sections are used for normalisation of the inclusive W +jets and Z +jets processes.

The choice of the parton distribution functions (PDFs) depends on the generator. The CTEQ6L1 [43] PDFs are used with MadGraph and ALPGEN, and the CT10 [44] PDFs with MC@NLO and SHERPA.

The simplified model samples are produced with Herwig++ [45] and the MSUGRA/CMSSM BC1-like samples are produced with HERWIG [46]. The yields of the SUSY samples are normalised to the NLO cross-sections obtained from PROSPINO [47] for weak processes, and to next-to-leading-logarithmic accuracy (NLL) for strong processes.

Fragmentation and hadronisation for the ALPGEN and MC@NLO samples are performed with HERWIG, while for MadGraph, PYTHIA [48] is used, and for SHERPA these are performed internally. JIMMY [49] is interfaced to HERWIG for simulation of the underlying event. For all MC samples, the propagation of particles through the ATLAS detector is modelled using GEANT4 [50, 51]. The effect of multiple proton-proton collisions from the same or different bunch crossings is incorporated into the simulation by overlaying additional minimum-bias events generated by PYTHIA onto hard-scatter events. Simulated events are weighted to match the distribution of the number of interactions per bunch crossing observed in data. Simulated data are reconstructed in the same manner as the data.

6 Event reconstruction and preselection

The data sample was collected with an inclusive selection of single-lepton and double-lepton triggers. For single-lepton triggers, at least one reconstructed muon (electron) is

required to have transverse momentum p_T^μ (transverse energy E_T^e) above 20 GeV (25 GeV). For dilepton triggers, at least two reconstructed leptons are required to have triggered the event, with transverse energy or momentum above threshold. The two muons are each required to have $p_T^\mu > 12$ GeV for dimuon triggers, and the two electrons to have $E_T^e > 17$ GeV for dielectron triggers, while the thresholds for electron-muon triggers are $E_T^e > 15$ GeV and $p_T^\mu > 10$ GeV. These thresholds are chosen such that the overall trigger efficiency is high, typically in excess of 90%, and independent of the transverse momentum of the triggerable objects within uncertainties.

Events recorded during normal running conditions are analysed if the primary vertex has five or more tracks associated to it. The primary vertex of an event is identified as the vertex with the highest Σp_T^2 of associated tracks.

Electrons must satisfy “medium” identification criteria [52] and fulfil $|\eta| < 2.47$ and $E_T > 10$ GeV, where E_T and $|\eta|$ are determined from the calibrated clustered energy deposits in the electromagnetic calorimeter and the matched ID track, respectively. Muons are reconstructed by combining tracks in the ID and tracks in the muon spectrometer [53]. Reconstructed muons are considered as candidates if they have transverse momentum $p_T > 10$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.4$.

Jets are reconstructed with the anti- k_t algorithm [54] with a radius parameter of $R = 0.4$ using clustered energy deposits calibrated at the electromagnetic scale.³ The jet energy is corrected to account for the non-compensating nature of the calorimeter using correction factors parameterised as a function of the jet E_T and η [55]. The correction factors were obtained from simulation and have been refined and validated using data. Jets considered in this analysis have $E_T > 20$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$. The p_T -weighted fraction of the tracks in the jet that are associated with the primary vertex is required to be larger than 0.75.

Events containing jets failing the quality criteria described in ref. [55] are rejected to suppress both SM and beam-induced background. Jets are identified as containing b -hadron decays, and thus called “ b -tagged”, using a multivariate technique based on quantities such as the impact parameters of the tracks associated to a reconstructed secondary vertex. The chosen working point of the b -tagging algorithm [56] correctly identifies b -quark jets in simulated top-quark decays with an efficiency of 60% and misidentifies the jets initiated by light-flavour quarks or gluons with a rate of $< 1\%$, for jets with $E_T > 20$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$.

The missing transverse momentum, E_T^{miss} , is the magnitude of the vector sum of the transverse momentum or transverse energy of all $p_T > 10$ GeV muons, $E_T > 20$ GeV electrons, $E_T > 20$ GeV jets, and calibrated calorimeter energy clusters with $|\eta| < 4.9$ not associated to these objects [57].

In this analysis, “tagged” leptons are leptons separated from each other and from candidate jets as described below. If two candidate electrons are reconstructed with $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{(\Delta\phi)^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2} < 0.1$, the lower energy one is discarded. Candidate jets within $\Delta R = 0.2$

³The electromagnetic scale is the basic calorimeter signal scale for the ATLAS calorimeters. It has been established using test-beam measurements for electrons and muons to give the correct response for the energy deposited in electromagnetic showers, although it does not correct for the lower response of the calorimeter to hadrons.

of an electron candidate are rejected. To suppress leptons originating from semi-leptonic decays of c - and b -quarks, all lepton candidates within $\Delta R=0.4$ of any remaining jet candidates are removed. Muons undergoing bremsstrahlung can be reconstructed with an overlapping electron candidate. To reject these, tagged electrons and muons separated from jets and reconstructed within $\Delta R=0.1$ of each other are both discarded. Events containing one or more tagged muons that have transverse impact parameter with respect to the primary vertex $|d_0| > 0.2$ mm or longitudinal impact parameter with respect to the primary vertex $|z_0| > 1$ mm are rejected to suppress cosmic muon background.

“Signal” leptons are tagged leptons for which the scalar sum of the transverse momenta of tracks within a cone of $\Delta R = 0.2$ around the lepton candidate, and excluding the lepton candidate track itself, is less than 10% of the lepton E_T for electrons and less than 1.8 GeV for muons. Tracks selected for the electron and muon isolation requirement defined above are those which have $p_T > 1$ GeV and are associated to the primary vertex of the event. Signal electrons must also pass “tight” identification criteria [52].

7 Signal region selection

Selected events must contain four or more signal leptons. The invariant mass of any same-flavour opposite-sign (SFOS) lepton pair, m_{SFOS} , must be above 20 GeV, otherwise the lepton pair is discarded to suppress background from low-mass resonances. Events which contain a SFOS lepton pair inside the [81.2, 101.2] GeV interval are vetoed to reject Z -boson candidates (Z -veto).

Two signal regions are then defined: a signal region with $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 50$ GeV (SR1) and one with effective mass $m_{\text{eff}} > 300$ GeV (SR2). The effective mass is defined by the scalar sum shown in (eq. (7.1)), where p_T^μ (E_T^e) is the transverse momentum of the signal muons (electrons) and E_T^j is the transverse energy of jets with $E_T > 40$ GeV:

$$m_{\text{eff}} = E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{\mu} p_T^\mu + \sum_e E_T^e + \sum_j E_T^j. \tag{7.1}$$

SR1 is optimised for regions of the parameter space with values of $m_{1/2}$ below ~ 700 GeV or $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ below ~ 300 GeV. SR2 targets the production of heavier sparticles. In general, SR1 is sensitive to models with E_T^{miss} originating from neutrinos and SR2 to scenarios with a large multiplicity of high- p_T objects.

Three further regions are defined to validate the expected background against data. The validation regions are described in section 10. Table 1 summarises the signal and validation region definitions.

8 Standard Model background estimation

Several SM processes, which are classified into irreducible and reducible components below, contribute to the background in the signal regions. The dominant sources are ZZ , WZ , and $t\bar{t}$ production in both SR1 and SR2.

| Selection | SR1 | SR2 | VR1 | VR2 | VR3 |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------|--------|-------------|----------|
| Number of leptons | ≥ 4 | ≥ 4 | 3 | ≥ 4 | ≥ 4 |
| Z-candidate | veto | veto | veto | requirement | veto |
| $E_T^{\text{miss}}/\text{GeV}$ | > 50 | – | > 50 | – | < 50 |
| $m_{\text{eff}}/\text{GeV}$ | – | > 300 | – | – | < 300 |

Table 1. The selection requirements for the two signal (SR) and three validation regions (VR). The Z-candidate veto (requirement) rejects (selects) events that have a same-flavour opposite-sign lepton pair with mass inside the [81.2, 101.2] GeV interval.

8.1 Irreducible background processes

A background process is considered “irreducible” if it leads to events with four real, isolated leptons, referred to as “real” leptons below. These include ZZ , $t\bar{t}Z$ and $t\bar{t}WW$ production, where a gauge boson may be produced off-mass-shell. These contributions are determined using the corresponding MC samples, for which lepton and jet selection efficiencies [55, 58–60], and trigger efficiencies are corrected to account for differences with respect to data.

8.2 Reducible background processes

A “reducible” process has at least one “fake” lepton, that is either a lepton from a semi-leptonic decay of a b - or c -quark, referred to as heavy-flavour, or an electron from an isolated single-track photon conversion. The contribution from misidentified light-flavour quark or gluon jets is found to be negligible based on studies in simulation. The reducible background includes WZ , $t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{t}W$, WW , single t -quark, or single Z -boson production, in all cases produced in association with jets or photons. The yield of W bosons with three fake leptons is negligible. The $t\bar{t}$ and the WZ backgrounds correspond respectively to 59% and 35% of the reducible background in SR1, and to 46% each in SR2. In both SR1 and SR2, fake leptons are predominantly fake electrons (99%), originating either from b -quarks in $t\bar{t}$ candidate events or from conversions in WZ candidate events. Fake muons from b -quark decays in $t\bar{t}$ events are suppressed by the object separation scheme described in section 6. Regardless of the origin, the misidentification probability decreases as the lepton p_T increases.

The reducible background is estimated using a weighting method applied to events containing signal leptons (ℓ_S) and loose leptons (ℓ_L), which are tagged leptons failing the signal lepton requirements. Since the reducible background is dominated by events with at most two fake leptons, it is estimated as:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & [N_{\text{data}}(3\ell_S + \ell_L) - N_{\text{MCirr}}(3\ell_S + \ell_L)] \times F(\ell_L) \\
 & - [N_{\text{data}}(2\ell_S + \ell_{L_1} + \ell_{L_2}) - N_{\text{MCirr}}(2\ell_S + \ell_{L_1} + \ell_{L_2})] \times F(\ell_{L_1}) \times F(\ell_{L_2}), \quad (8.1)
 \end{aligned}$$

where the second term corrects for the double counting of reducible-background events with two fake leptons in the first term. The term $N_{\text{data}}(3\ell_S + \ell_L)$ is the total number of events with three signal and one loose lepton, while $N_{\text{MCirr}}(3\ell_S + \ell_L)$ is the irreducible contribution of events obtained from simulation. The definitions of $N_{\text{data}}(2\ell_S + \ell_{L_1} + \ell_{L_2})$ and $N_{\text{MCirr}}(2\ell_S + \ell_{L_1} + \ell_{L_2})$ are analogous. As a conservative approach, the potential signal

contamination in the $3\ell_S + \ell_L$ and $2\ell_S + \ell_{L_1} + \ell_{L_2}$ loose lepton data samples is not taken into account. The average “fake ratio” F depends on the flavour and kinematics of the loose lepton ℓ_L and it is defined as:

$$F = \sum_{i,j} (\alpha^i \times R^{ij} \times f^{ij}), \tag{8.2}$$

where i is the type of fake (heavy-flavour leptons or conversion electrons) and j is the process category the fake originates from (top quark or W/Z boson). The fake ratios f^{ij} are defined as the ratios of the probabilities that fake tagged leptons are identified as signal leptons to the probabilities that they are identified as loose leptons. The f^{ij} are determined for each relevant fake type and for each reducible-background process, and they are parameterised in muon (electron) p_T (E_T) and η . The fake ratios are weighted according to the fractional contribution of the process they originate from through R^{ij} fractions. Both f^{ij} and R^{ij} are determined in simulation. Each correction factor α^i is the fake ratio measured in data divided by that in simulation, in control samples described below. The fake ratios F are estimated to vary from 0.8 to 0.05 for muons when the p_T increases from 10 to 100 GeV. For electrons, there is little p_T dependence, and the F values are ~ 0.3 .

The correction factor for heavy-flavour fakes is measured in a $b\bar{b}$ -dominated control sample. This is defined by selecting events with only one b -tagged jet (containing a muon) and a tagged lepton. The non- $b\bar{b}$ contributions from the single and pair production of top quarks and W bosons produced in association with b -quarks are suppressed with $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 40$ GeV and transverse mass $m_T = \sqrt{2 \cdot E_T^{\text{miss}} \cdot p_T^\ell \cdot (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}}})} < 40$ GeV requirements, where $\Delta\phi_{\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}}}$ is the azimuthal angle between the tagged lepton ℓ and the E_T^{miss} . The remaining non- $b\bar{b}$ background ($\sim 1\%$ level) is subtracted from the control sample in data using MC predictions. In this control sample, the fake ratio from heavy-flavour decays is calculated using the ratio of tagged leptons passing signal lepton requirements to those that fail. The correction factors are found to be 0.97 ± 0.13 and 0.86 ± 0.13 for electrons and muons respectively.

The correction factor for electron candidates originating from photon conversions is determined in a sample of photons radiated from a muon in $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ decays. Events with two opposite-sign muons and one tagged electron are selected and the invariant mass of the $\mu\mu e$ triplet is required to lie within 10 GeV of the nominal Z -boson mass value. In this control sample, the fake ratio for conversion electrons is calculated using the ratio of tagged electrons identified as signal electrons to those identified as loose electrons. The correction factor is found to be 1.24 ± 0.13 .

9 Systematic uncertainties

Several sources of systematic uncertainty are considered in the signal, control and validation regions. Correlations of systematic uncertainties between processes and regions are accounted for.

MC-based sources of systematic uncertainty affect the irreducible background, the R^{ij} fractions of the average fake ratios, and the signal yields. The MC-based systematic sources include the acceptance uncertainty due to the PDFs and the theoretical cross-section uncertainties due to the renormalisation/factorisation scale and PDFs. The uncertainty due to the PDF set is determined using the error set of the original PDF and the scale uncertainties are calculated by varying the factorisation and renormalisation scales. Additional systematic uncertainties are those resulting from the jet energy scale [55] and resolution [58], the lepton efficiencies [59, 60], energy scales and resolutions, and uncertainties in b -tagging rates [61–64]. The choice of MC generator is also included for the irreducible background. The systematic uncertainty on the luminosity (3.9%) [65, 66] affects only the yields of the irreducible background and the signal yield.

In SR1, the total uncertainty on the irreducible background is 70%. This is dominated by the uncertainty on the efficiency times acceptance of the signal region selection for the ZZ MC event generator, determined by comparing the SHERPA and POWHEG [67–70] generators and found to be 65% of the SHERPA ZZ yield. The next largest uncertainties on the irreducible background are due to the jet energy scale (53%) and that due to the limited number of MC events generated (34%). All the remaining uncertainties in this signal region lie in the range of 0.1–5%. In SR2, the uncertainties are similar, except for smaller uncertainties due to the jet energy scale (3%) and the limited number of generated events (17%).

For the average fake ratio F , the R^{ij} fractions are varied between 0% and 100% to account for the uncertainty on the R^{ij} fractions from the sources listed above. The fake ratios f^{ij} are generally found to be similar across processes and types of fakes in most of the kinematic regions. Also included in the uncertainty on the reducible background is the uncertainty from the dependence of the fake ratio on E_T^{miss} (10%) and the uncertainty on the fake-ratio correction factors (15–34%). In SR1, the dominant uncertainty on the reducible background is that due to the R^{ij} fractions (75%). This relatively large uncertainty is due to the limited number of events in the loose lepton data sample, and the fact that those leptons fall in kinematic regions in which the fake ratio has larger variations between processes and types of fakes. The next to leading uncertainties are those from the statistical uncertainty on the data (60%) and the dependence of the fake ratio on E_T^{miss} (25%). In SR2, the uncertainty on the reducible background is dominated by that from the limited number of data events (140%), followed by that due to the R^{ij} fractions (6%) and the dependence of the fake ratio on E_T^{miss} (4%).

The total uncertainties on the signal yields are 10–20% and are calculated using the method described in ref. [71]. Signal cross-sections are calculated to NLO in the strong coupling constant using PROSPINO.⁴ An envelope of cross-section predictions is defined using the 68% CL intervals of the CTEQ6.6 [76] (including the α_S uncertainty) and MSTW [77] PDF sets, together with variations of the factorisation and renormalisation scales by factors of two or one half. The nominal cross-section value is taken to be the midpoint of the envelope and the uncertainty assigned is half the full width of the envelope, closely following the PDF4LHC recommendations [78].

⁴The addition of the resummation of soft gluon emission at NLL [47, 72–75] is performed in the case of strong SUSY pair-production.

| Selection | VR1 | VR2 | VR3 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| SUSY ref. point 1 | 4.6 ± 0.5 | 1.38 ± 0.16 | 0.004 ± 0.006 |
| SUSY ref. point 2 | 3.5 ± 0.4 | 2.32 ± 0.34 | 0.120 ± 0.029 |
| ZZ | 3.2 ± 1.9 | 38 ± 7 | 2.9 ± 1.5 |
| $t\bar{t}Z$ | 0.70 ± 0.35 | 0.64 ± 0.32 | $(3.5 \pm 3.6) \times 10^{-3}$ |
| $t\bar{t}WW$ | 0.08 ± 0.06 | $(1.3 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$ | $(2.2 \pm 2.1) \times 10^{-4}$ |
| WZ (†) | 34.6 ± 6 | – | – |
| $t\bar{t}W$ (†) | 2.6 ± 0.8 | – | – |
| Σ Irreducible | 41 ± 8 | 38 ± 7 | 2.9 ± 1.5 |
| Reducible | 95 ± 32 | -0.25 ± 0.96 | 1.3 ± 1.3 |
| Σ SM | 136 ± 33 | 38 ± 7 | 4.2 ± 1.8 |
| Data | 152 | 40 | 2 |
| p_0 -value (σ) | 0.33 (0.45) | 0.42 (0.21) | 0.80 (–0.85) |

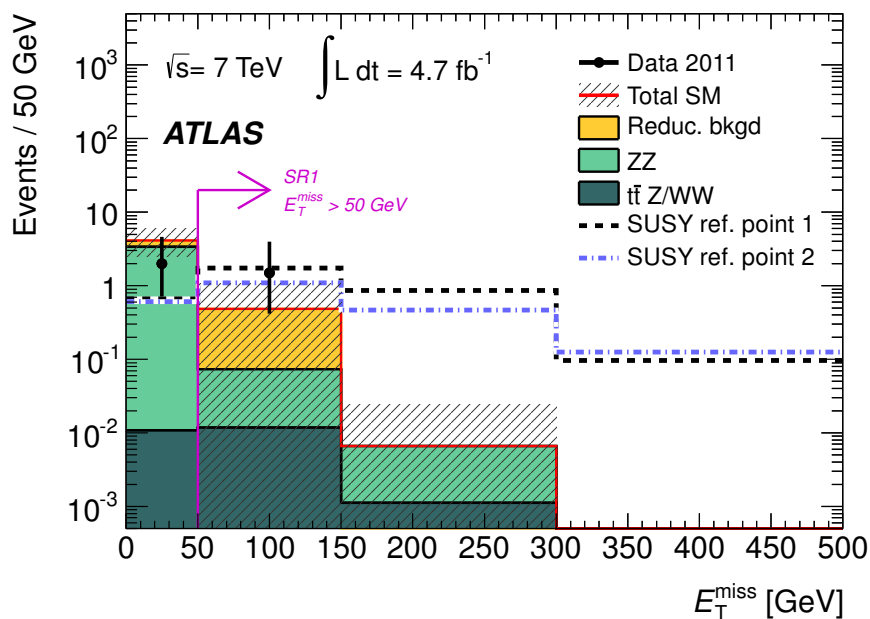
Table 2. Expected number of events from SUSY signals, SM backgrounds, and observed number of events in data in validation regions VR1, VR2 and VR3 (4.7fb^{-1}). “SUSY ref. point 1” refers to a simplified model with $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 500\text{ GeV}$, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 300\text{ GeV}$, while “SUSY ref. point 2” refers to a MSUGRA model with $m_{1/2} = 860\text{ GeV}$ and $\tan\beta = 37$. The uncertainties quoted include statistical and systematic effects. The processes labelled with (†) are classified as irreducible background in the three-lepton validation regions. In the four-lepton validation regions they are included in the reducible background. The subtraction of the double-counted contributions can lead to negative central values for the reducible background.

10 Background model validation

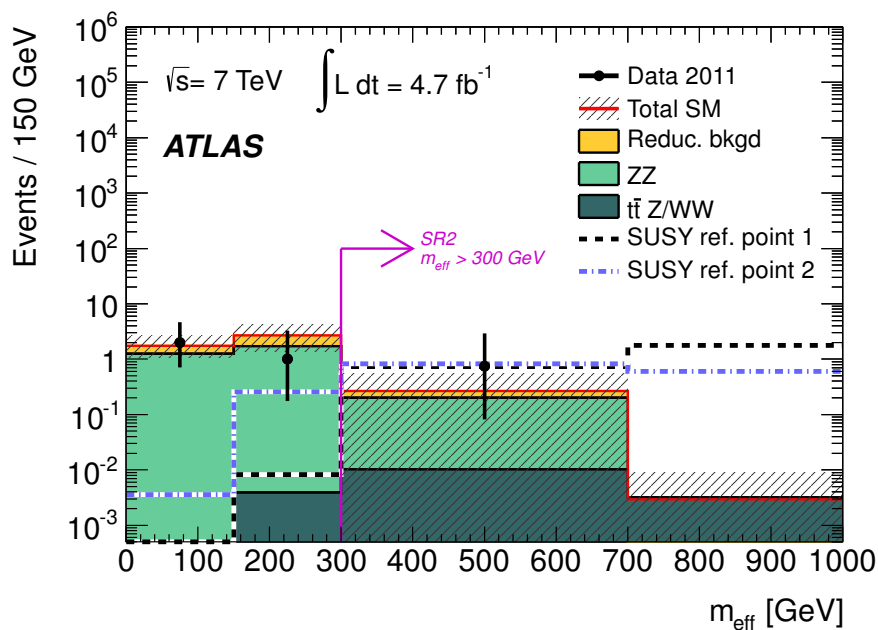
The background predictions have been verified in three validation regions (VR). A region (VR1) selects events with three signal leptons, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 50\text{ GeV}$, and vetos events with Z -boson candidates described in section 7. In VR1 the reducible background is dominated by $t\bar{t}$ production. The contribution from ZZ production is validated in a region (VR2) defined by events with four leptons containing a Z -boson candidate. A region (VR3) containing events with $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 50\text{ GeV}$, $m_{\text{eff}} < 300\text{ GeV}$, four signal leptons, and no Z -boson candidate is used to validate the sum of the reducible and irreducible backgrounds. The data and predictions are in agreement within the quoted statistical and systematic uncertainties, as shown in table 2. Reported are the probabilities that the background fluctuates to the observed number of events or higher (p_0 -value) and the corresponding number of standard deviations (σ).

11 Results and interpretation

The numbers of observed and predicted events in SR1 and SR2 are reported in table 3. Distributions of E_T^{miss} and m_{eff} in events that have at least four leptons and no Z -boson candidates (before either the E_T^{miss} or m_{eff} requirements) are presented in figure 2.



(a)



(b)

Figure 2. Distributions of (a) E_T^{miss} and (b) m_{eff} for events with at least four leptons and no Z -boson candidates (before either the E_T^{miss} or m_{eff} requirements). The uncertainty band includes both statistical and systematic uncertainty. The yields of two benchmark SUSY models are shown for illustration purposes. “SUSY ref. point 1” is a simplified model point defined by $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 300 \text{ GeV}$, while “SUSY ref. point 2” is a MSUGRA model point defined by $m_{1/2} = 860 \text{ GeV}$ and $\tan\beta = 37$. The signal distributions are not stacked on top of the expected background.

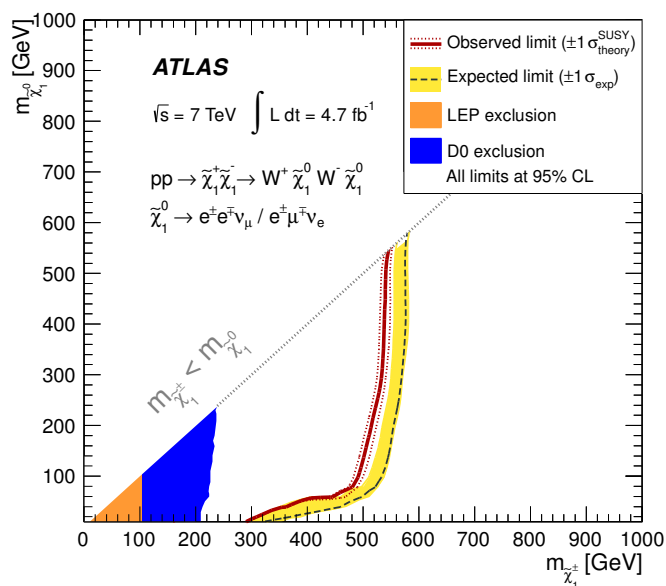
| Selection | SR1 | SR2 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SUSY ref. point 1 | 6.5 ± 0.6 | 7.1 ± 0.7 |
| SUSY ref. point 2 | 4.2 ± 0.6 | 4.5 ± 0.6 |
| ZZ | 0.14 ± 0.11 | 0.51 ± 0.30 |
| $t\bar{t}Z$ | 0.023 ± 0.014 | 0.029 ± 0.016 |
| $t\bar{t}WW$ | 0.0044 ± 0.0035 | 0.005 ± 0.004 |
| Σ Irreducible | 0.17 ± 0.12 | 0.54 ± 0.31 |
| Reducible | 0.8 ± 0.8 | 0.18 ± 0.26 |
| Σ SM | 1.0 ± 0.8 | 0.7 ± 0.4 |
| Data | 3 | 2 |
| p_0 -value (σ) | 0.05 (1.7) | 0.07 (1.5) |
| σ_{vis} obs (exp) | 1.3 (0.8) | 1.1 (0.7) |

Table 3. Expected number of events from SUSY signals, SM backgrounds, and observed number of events in data in signal regions SR1 and SR2 (4.7 fb^{-1}). “SUSY ref. point 1” refers to a simplified model with $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 500 \text{ GeV}$, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 300 \text{ GeV}$, while “SUSY ref. point 2” refers to a MSUGRA model with $m_{1/2} = 860 \text{ GeV}$ and $\tan\beta = 37$. The uncertainties quoted include statistical and systematic effects. Upper limits on the observed (expected) visible production cross-section of new physics processes at 95% CL are also shown.

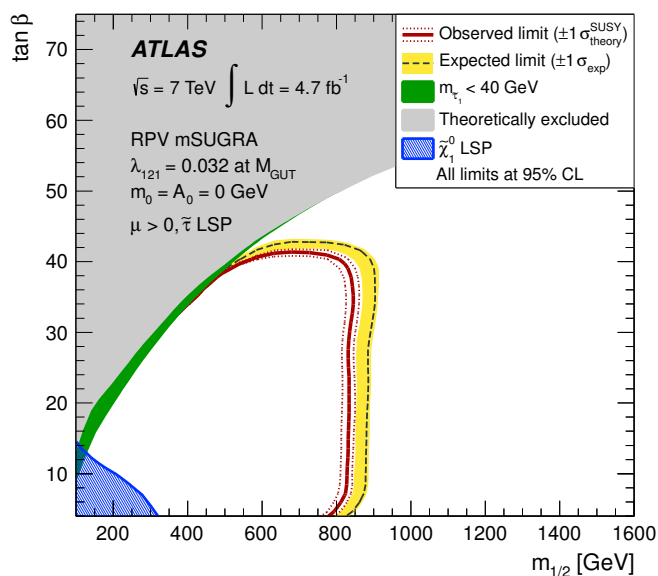
No significant excess of events is found in the signal regions. Upper limits on the visible cross-section of new physics processes are calculated, defined by the product of production cross-section, acceptance and efficiency, and placed at 95% CL with the modified frequentist CL_s prescription [79]. All systematic uncertainties and their correlations are taken into account via nuisance parameters in a profile likelihood fit [80]. Observed 95% CL limits on the visible cross-section of new physics processes are placed at 1.3 fb in SR1 and 1.1 fb in SR2. The corresponding expected limits are 0.8 fb and 0.7 fb, respectively.

The results of the analysis are interpreted in two RPV SUSY scenarios and shown in figure 3, where the limits are calculated choosing the signal region with the best expected limit for each of the model points. The uncertainties on the signal cross-section are not included in the limit calculation but their impact on the observed limit is shown by the red dotted lines.

The main features of the exclusion limits can be explained in broad terms as follows. In the simplified model the sensitivity is governed by the production cross-section, which decreases at large $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ values, and by the efficiency of the signal region selection cuts. The requirements on the minimum value of the SFOS dilepton mass, and on the minimum lepton-lepton separation reduce the acceptance and selection efficiency for leptons from light $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$, hence only values of 10 GeV and above are considered. As the mass of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ approaches zero, the phase space for leptonic decays is greatly reduced, while values of $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$ are not possible without the LSP becoming stable. In the MSUGRA/CMSSM model, the production cross-section decreases as $m_{1/2}$ increases, leading to smaller sensitivities in the high-mass region. Due to lower values of the four-body decay branching ratio



(a)



(b)

Figure 3. Observed and expected 95% CL limit contours for (a) simplified model and (b) MSUGRA/CMSSM. The expected and observed limits are calculated without signal cross-section uncertainty taken into account. The yellow band is the $\pm 1\sigma$ experimental uncertainty on the expected limit (black dashed line). The red dotted lines are the $\pm 1\sigma$ signal theory uncertainty on the observed limit (red solid line). Linear interpolation is used to account for the discreteness of the signal grids. The exclusion contours are optimised by applying in each signal grid point the CL values from the more sensitive signal region (lowest expected CL). It should be noted that the y -axis does not start at zero for either plot. The LEP limit corresponds to the limit on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ mass in ref. [81], while the D0 limit corresponds to the limit in the $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ mass plane in ref. [13]. The hard $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} < 40$ GeV limit is from the LEP Z width measurement [82].

and an increased $\tilde{\tau}_1$ lifetime, the sensitivity drops for $\tan\beta$ values above 40. In the region of the parameter space with $m_{1/2} \sim 800$ GeV, weak gaugino production contributes 50% to the total SUSY production cross-section, while $\tilde{e}/\tilde{\mu}/\tilde{\nu}$ ($\tilde{\tau}_1$) production contributes 10–20% (10–30%), and strong production 20%. Similar fractional contributions are also seen in the two signal regions.

12 Summary

Results from a search for new phenomena in the final state with four or more leptons (electrons or muons) and either moderate values of missing transverse momentum or large effective mass are reported. The analysis is based on 4.7 fb^{-1} of proton-proton collision data delivered by the LHC at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. No significant excess of events is found in data. Observed 95% CL limits on the visible cross-section are placed at 1.3 fb and 1.1 fb in the two signal regions, respectively. The null result is interpreted in a simplified model of chargino pair-production in which each chargino cascades to the lightest neutralino that decays into two charged leptons (ee or $e\mu$) and a neutrino via an RPV coupling. In the simplified model of RPV supersymmetry, chargino masses up to 540 GeV are excluded for LSP masses above 300 GeV. Limits are also set in an RPV MSUGRA model with a $\tilde{\tau}_1$ LSP that promptly decays into a τ lepton, two charged leptons and a neutrino, where values of $m_{1/2}$ below 820 GeV are excluded when $10 < \tan\beta < 40$.

Acknowledgments

We thank CERN for the very successful operation of the LHC, as well as the support staff from our institutions without whom ATLAS could not be operated efficiently.

We acknowledge the support of ANPCyT, Argentina; YerPhI, Armenia; ARC, Australia; BMWF and FWF, Austria; ANAS, Azerbaijan; SSTC, Belarus; CNPq and FAPESP, Brazil; NSERC, NRC and CFI, Canada; CERN; CONICYT, Chile; CAS, MOST and NSFC, China; COLCIENCIAS, Colombia; MSMT CR, MPO CR and VSC CR, Czech Republic; DNRF, DNSRC and Lundbeck Foundation, Denmark; EPLANET and ERC, European Union; IN2P3-CNRS, CEA-DSM/IRFU, France; GNSF, Georgia; BMBF, DFG, HGF, MPG and AvH Foundation, Germany; GSRT, Greece; ISF, MINERVA, GIF, DIP and Benoziyo Center, Israel; INFN, Italy; MEXT and JSPS, Japan; CNRST, Morocco; FOM and NWO, Netherlands; BRF and RCN, Norway; MNiSW, Poland; GRICES and FCT, Portugal; MERYS (MECTS), Romania; MES of Russia and ROSATOM, Russian Federation; JINR; MSTD, Serbia; MSSR, Slovakia; ARRS and MVZT, Slovenia; DST/NRF, South Africa; MICINN, Spain; SRC and Wallenberg Foundation, Sweden; SER, SNSF and Cantons of Bern and Geneva, Switzerland; NSC, Taiwan; TAEK, Turkey; STFC, the Royal Society and Leverhulme Trust, United Kingdom; DOE and NSF, United States of America.

The crucial computing support from all WLCG partners is acknowledged gratefully, in particular from CERN and the ATLAS Tier-1 facilities at TRIUMF (Canada), NDGF (Denmark, Norway, Sweden), CC-IN2P3 (France), KIT/GridKA (Germany), INFN-CNAF

(Italy), NL-T1 (Netherlands), PIC (Spain), ASGC (Taiwan), RAL (U.K.) and BNL (U.S.A.) and in the Tier-2 facilities worldwide.

Open Access. This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License which permits any use, distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author(s) and source are credited.

References

- [1] H. Miyazawa, *Baryon Number Changing Currents*, *Prog. Theor. Phys.* **36** (1966) 1266.
- [2] P. Ramond, *Dual Theory for Free Fermions*, *Phys. Rev. D* **3** (1971) 2415 [INSPIRE].
- [3] Y. Golfand and E. Likhtman, *Extension of the Algebra of Poincaré Group Generators and Violation of p Invariance*, *JETP Lett.* **13** (1971) 323 [INSPIRE].
- [4] A. Neveu and J. Schwarz, *Factorizable dual model of pions*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **31** (1971) 86 [INSPIRE].
- [5] A. Neveu and J. Schwarz, *Quark Model of Dual Pions*, *Phys. Rev. D* **4** (1971) 1109 [INSPIRE].
- [6] J.-L. Gervais and B. Sakita, *Field theory interpretation of supergauges in dual models*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **34** (1971) 632 [INSPIRE].
- [7] D. Volkov and V. Akulov, *Is the Neutrino a Goldstone Particle?*, *Phys. Lett. B* **46** (1973) 109 [INSPIRE].
- [8] J. Wess and B. Zumino, *A Lagrangian Model Invariant Under Supergauge Transformations*, *Phys. Lett. B* **49** (1974) 52 [INSPIRE].
- [9] J. Wess and B. Zumino, *Supergauge Transformations in Four-Dimensions*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **70** (1974) 39 [INSPIRE].
- [10] E. Eichten and K.D. Lane, *Dynamical Breaking of Weak Interaction Symmetries*, *Phys. Lett. B* **90** (1980) 125 [INSPIRE].
- [11] P. Langacker, *The Physics of Heavy Z' Gauge Bosons*, *Rev. Mod. Phys.* **81** (2009) 1199 [arXiv:0801.1345] [INSPIRE].
- [12] F. del Aguila and J. Aguilar-Saavedra, *Distinguishing seesaw models at LHC with multi-lepton signals*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **813** (2009) 22 [arXiv:0808.2468] [INSPIRE].
- [13] D0 collaboration, V. Abazov et al., *Search for R -parity violating supersymmetry via the $LL\bar{E}$ couplings λ_{121} , λ_{122} or λ_{133} in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ -TeV*, *Phys. Lett. B* **638** (2006) 441 [hep-ex/0605005] [INSPIRE].
- [14] CDF collaboration, A. Abulencia et al., *Search for anomalous production of multi-lepton events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ -TeV*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **98** (2007) 131804 [arXiv:0706.4448] [INSPIRE].
- [15] CMS collaboration, *Search for anomalous production of multilepton events in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV*, *JHEP* **06** (2012) 169 [arXiv:1204.5341] [INSPIRE].
- [16] SUPER-KAMIOKANDE collaboration, C. Regis et al., *Search for Proton Decay via $p \rightarrow \mu^+ K^0$ in Super-Kamiokande I, II and III*, *Phys. Rev. D* **86** (2012) 012006 [arXiv:1205.6538] [INSPIRE].

- [17] P. Fayet, *Supersymmetry and Weak, Electromagnetic and Strong Interactions*, *Phys. Lett. B* **64** (1976) 159 [INSPIRE].
- [18] P. Fayet, *Spontaneously Broken Supersymmetric Theories of Weak, Electromagnetic and Strong Interactions*, *Phys. Lett. B* **69** (1977) 489 [INSPIRE].
- [19] G.R. Farrar and P. Fayet, *Phenomenology of the Production, Decay and Detection of New Hadronic States Associated with Supersymmetry*, *Phys. Lett. B* **76** (1978) 575 [INSPIRE].
- [20] P. Fayet, *Relations Between the Masses of the Superpartners of Leptons and Quarks, the Goldstino Couplings and the Neutral Currents*, *Phys. Lett. B* **84** (1979) 416 [INSPIRE].
- [21] S. Dimopoulos and H. Georgi, *Softly Broken Supersymmetry and SU(5)*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **193** (1981) 150 [INSPIRE].
- [22] H.K. Dreiner, C. Luhn and M. Thormeier, *What is the discrete gauge symmetry of the MSSM?*, *Phys. Rev. D* **73** (2006) 075007 [hep-ph/0512163] [INSPIRE].
- [23] B. Allanach and C. Kom, *Lepton number violating mSUGRA and neutrino masses*, *JHEP* **04** (2008) 081 [arXiv:0712.0852] [INSPIRE].
- [24] J. Alwall, P. Schuster and N. Toro, *Simplified Models for a First Characterization of New Physics at the LHC*, *Phys. Rev. D* **79** (2009) 075020 [arXiv:0810.3921] [INSPIRE].
- [25] K. Desch, S. Fleischmann, P. Wienemann, H. Dreiner and S. Grab, *Stau as the Lightest Supersymmetric Particle in R-Parity Violating SUSY Models: Discovery Potential with Early LHC Data*, *Phys. Rev. D* **83** (2011) 015013 [arXiv:1008.1580] [INSPIRE].
- [26] B. Allanach, M. Bernhardt, H. Dreiner, C. Kom and P. Richardson, *Mass Spectrum in R-Parity Violating mSUGRA and Benchmark Points*, *Phys. Rev. D* **75** (2007) 035002 [hep-ph/0609263] [INSPIRE].
- [27] Y. Kao and T. Takeuchi, *Single-Coupling Bounds on R-parity violating Supersymmetry, an update*, arXiv:0910.4980 [INSPIRE].
- [28] ATLAS collaboration, *Observation of a new particle in the search for the Standard Model Higgs boson with the ATLAS detector at the LHC*, *Phys. Lett. B* **716** (2012) 1 [arXiv:1207.7214] [INSPIRE].
- [29] CMS collaboration, *Observation of a new boson at a mass of 125 GeV with the CMS experiment at the LHC*, *Phys. Lett. B* **716** (2012) 30 [arXiv:1207.7235] [INSPIRE].
- [30] ATLAS collaboration, *The ATLAS Experiment at the CERN Large Hadron Collider*, 2008 *JINST* **3** S08003 [INSPIRE].
- [31] T. Gleisberg et al., *Event generation with SHERPA 1.1*, *JHEP* **02** (2009) 007 [arXiv:0811.4622] [INSPIRE].
- [32] J. Alwall, M. Herquet, F. Maltoni, O. Mattelaer and T. Stelzer, *MadGraph 5 : Going Beyond*, *JHEP* **06** (2011) 128 [arXiv:1106.0522] [INSPIRE].
- [33] S. Frixione and B.R. Webber, *Matching NLO QCD computations and parton shower simulations*, *JHEP* **06** (2002) 029 [hep-ph/0204244] [INSPIRE].
- [34] M.L. Mangano, M. Moretti, F. Piccinini, R. Pittau and A.D. Polosa, *ALPGEN, a generator for hard multiparton processes in hadronic collisions*, *JHEP* **07** (2003) 001 [hep-ph/0206293] [INSPIRE].
- [35] J.M. Campbell and R.K. Ellis, *An Update on vector boson pair production at hadron colliders*, *Phys. Rev. D* **60** (1999) 113006 [hep-ph/9905386] [INSPIRE].

- [36] J.M. Campbell, R.K. Ellis and C. Williams, *Vector boson pair production at the LHC*, *JHEP* **07** (2011) 018 [[arXiv:1105.0020](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [37] M. Aliev et al., *HATHOR: HAdronic Top and Heavy quarks crOss section calculator*, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **182** (2011) 1034 [[arXiv:1007.1327](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [38] A. Kardos, Z. Trócsányi and C. Papadopoulos, *Top quark pair production in association with a Z-boson at NLO accuracy*, *Phys. Rev. D* **85** (2012) 054015 [[arXiv:1111.0610](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [39] J.M. Campbell and R.K. Ellis, *$t\bar{t}W^{+-}$ production and decay at NLO*, *JHEP* **07** (2012) 052 [[arXiv:1204.5678](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [40] ATLAS collaboration, *Measurement of $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ production cross sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and limits on anomalous triple gauge couplings with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Lett. B* **717** (2012) 49 [[arXiv:1205.2531](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [41] K. Melnikov and F. Petriello, *Electroweak gauge boson production at hadron colliders through $O(\alpha_s^2)$* , *Phys. Rev. D* **74** (2006) 114017 [[hep-ph/0609070](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [42] C. Anastasiou, L.J. Dixon, K. Melnikov and F. Petriello, *High precision QCD at hadron colliders: Electroweak gauge boson rapidity distributions at NNLO*, *Phys. Rev. D* **69** (2004) 094008 [[hep-ph/0312266](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [43] P.M. Nadolsky et al., *Implications of CTEQ global analysis for collider observables*, *Phys. Rev. D* **78** (2008) 013004 [[arXiv:0802.0007](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [44] H.-L. Lai *New parton distributions for collider physics*, *Phys. Rev. D* **82** (2010) 074024 [[arXiv:1007.2241](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [45] M. Bahr et al., *HERWIG++ Physics and Manual*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **58** (2008) 639 [[arXiv:0803.0883](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [46] G. Corcella et al., *HERWIG 6: An Event generator for hadron emission reactions with interfering gluons (including supersymmetric processes)*, *JHEP* **01** (2001) 010 [[hep-ph/0011363](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [47] W. Beenakker, R. Hopker, M. Spira and P. Zerwas, *Squark and gluino production at hadron colliders*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **492** (1997) 51 [[hep-ph/9610490](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [48] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna and P.Z. Skands, *PYTHIA 6.4 Physics and Manual*, *JHEP* **05** (2006) 026 [[hep-ph/0603175](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [49] J. Butterworth, J.R. Forshaw and M. Seymour, *Multiparton interactions in photoproduction at HERA*, *Z. Phys. C* **72** (1996) 637 [[hep-ph/9601371](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [50] GEANT4 collaboration, S. Agostinelli et al., *GEANT4: A Simulation toolkit*, *Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A* **506** (2003) 250 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [51] ATLAS collaboration, *The ATLAS Simulation Infrastructure*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **70** (2010) 823 [[arXiv:1005.4568](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [52] ATLAS collaboration, *Electron performance measurements with the ATLAS detector using the 2010 LHC proton-proton collision data*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 1909 [[arXiv:1110.3174](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [53] ATLAS collaboration, *Measurement of the $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ and $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell\ell$ production cross sections in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **12** (2010) 060 [[arXiv:1010.2130](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].

- [54] M. Cacciari, G.P. Salam and G. Soyez, *The Anti- $k(t)$ jet clustering algorithm*, *JHEP* **04** (2008) 063 [[arXiv:0802.1189](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [55] ATLAS collaboration, *Jet energy measurement with the ATLAS detector in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV*, submitted to *Eur. Phys. J. C* (2011), [arXiv:1112.6426](#) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [56] ATLAS collaboration, *Commissioning of the ATLAS high-performance b-tagging algorithms in the 7 TeV collision data*, *ATLAS-CONF-2011-102* (2011).
- [57] ATLAS collaboration, *Performance of Missing Transverse Momentum Reconstruction in Proton-Proton Collisions at 7 TeV with ATLAS*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 1844 [[arXiv:1108.5602](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [58] ATLAS collaboration, *Jet energy resolution and selection efficiency relative to track jets from in-situ techniques with the ATLAS Detector Using Proton-Proton Collisions at a Center of Mass Energy $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV*, *ATLAS-CONF-2010-054* (2010).
- [59] ATLAS collaboration, *Muon reconstruction efficiency in reprocessed 2010 LHC proton-proton collision data recorded with the ATLAS detector*, *ATLAS-CONF-2011-063* (2011).
- [60] ATLAS collaboration, *A measurement of the ATLAS muon reconstruction and trigger efficiency using J/ψ decays*, *ATLAS-CONF-2011-021* (2011).
- [61] ATLAS collaboration, *Commissioning of the ATLAS high-performance b-tagging algorithms in the 7 TeV collision data*, *ATLAS-CONF-2011-102* (2011).
- [62] ATLAS collaboration, *b-Jet Tagging Efficiency Calibration using the System8 Method*, *ATLAS-CONF-2011-143* (2011).
- [63] ATLAS collaboration, *b-jet tagging calibration on c-jets containing D^{*+} mesons*, *ATLAS-CONF-2012-039* (2012).
- [64] ATLAS collaboration, *Measurement of the Mistag Rate with 5 fb¹ of Data Collected by the ATLAS Detector*, *ATLAS-CONF-2012-040* (2012).
- [65] ATLAS collaboration, *Luminosity Determination in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV using the ATLAS Detector in 2011*, *ATLAS-CONF-2011-116* (2011).
- [66] ATLAS collaboration, *Luminosity Determination in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV Using the ATLAS Detector at the LHC*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **71** (2011) 1630 [[arXiv:1101.2185](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [67] T. Melia, P. Nason, R. Rontsch and G. Zanderighi, *W^+W^- , WZ and ZZ production in the POWHEG BOX*, *JHEP* **11** (2011) 078 [[arXiv:1107.5051](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [68] P. Nason, *A New method for combining NLO QCD with shower Monte Carlo algorithms*, *JHEP* **11** (2004) 040 [[hep-ph/0409146](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [69] S. Frixione, P. Nason and C. Oleari, *Matching NLO QCD computations with Parton Shower simulations: the POWHEG method*, *JHEP* **11** (2007) 070 [[arXiv:0709.2092](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [70] S. Alioli, P. Nason, C. Oleari and E. Re, *A general framework for implementing NLO calculations in shower Monte Carlo programs: the POWHEG BOX*, *JHEP* **06** (2010) 043 [[arXiv:1002.2581](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [71] M. Krämer et al., *Supersymmetry production cross sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV*, [arXiv:1206.2892](#) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [72] A. Kulesza and L. Motyka, *Threshold resummation for squark-antisquark and gluino-pair production at the LHC*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **102** (2009) 111802 [[arXiv:0807.2405](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].

- [73] A. Kulesza and L. Motyka, *Soft gluon resummation for the production of gluino-gluino and squark-antisquark pairs at the LHC*, *Phys. Rev. D* **80** (2009) 095004 [[arXiv:0905.4749](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [74] W. Beenakker et al., *Soft-gluon resummation for squark and gluino hadroproduction*, *JHEP* **12** (2009) 041 [[arXiv:0909.4418](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [75] W. Beenakker et al., *Squark and Gluino Hadroproduction*, *Int. J. Mod. Phys. A* **26** (2011) 2637 [[arXiv:1105.1110](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [76] P.M. Nadolsky et al., *Implications of CTEQ global analysis for collider observables*, *Phys. Rev. D* **78** (2008) 013004 [[arXiv:0802.0007](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [77] A. Martin, W. Stirling, R. Thorne and G. Watt, *Parton distributions for the LHC*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **63** (2009) 189 [[arXiv:0901.0002](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [78] M. Botje et al., *The PDF4LHC Working Group Interim Recommendations*, [arXiv:1101.0538](#) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [79] A.L. Read, *Presentation of search results: The CL(s) technique*, *J. Phys. G* **28** (2002) 2693 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [80] G. Cowan, K. Cranmer, E. Gross and O. Vitells, *Asymptotic formulae for likelihood-based tests of new physics*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **71** (2011) 1554 [[arXiv:1007.1727](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [81] PARTICLE DATA GROUP collaboration, K. Nakamura et al., *Review of particle physics*, *J. Phys. G* **37** (2010) 075021 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [82] PARTICLE DATA GROUP collaboration, J. Beringer et al., *Review of Particle Physics (RPP)*, *Phys. Rev. D* **86** (2012) 010001 [[INSPIRE](#)].

The ATLAS collaboration

G. Aad⁴⁸, T. Abajyan²¹, B. Abbott¹¹¹, J. Abdallah¹², S. Abdel Khalek¹¹⁵, A.A. Abdelalim⁴⁹, O. Abdinov¹¹, R. Aben¹⁰⁵, B. Abi¹¹², M. Abolins⁸⁸, O.S. AbouZeid¹⁵⁸, H. Abramowicz¹⁵³, H. Abreu¹³⁶, B.S. Acharya^{164a,164b,a}, L. Adamczyk³⁸, D.L. Adams²⁵, T.N. Addy⁵⁶, J. Adelman¹⁷⁶, S. Adomeit⁹⁸, P. Adragna⁷⁵, T. Adye¹²⁹, S. Aefsky²³, J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra^{124b,b}, M. Agustoni¹⁷, M. Aharrouche⁸¹, S.P. Ahlen²², F. Ahles⁴⁸, A. Ahmad¹⁴⁸, M. Ahsan⁴¹, G. Aielli^{133a,133b}, T.P.A. Åkesson⁷⁹, G. Akimoto¹⁵⁵, A.V. Akimov⁹⁴, M.S. Alam², M.A. Alam⁷⁶, J. Albert¹⁶⁹, S. Albrand⁵⁵, M. Aleksa³⁰, I.N. Aleksandrov⁶⁴, F. Alessandria^{89a}, C. Alexa^{26a}, G. Alexander¹⁵³, G. Alexandre⁴⁹, T. Alexopoulos¹⁰, M. Alhroob^{164a,164c}, M. Aliev¹⁶, G. Alimonti^{89a}, J. Alison¹²⁰, B.M.M. Allbrooke¹⁸, P.P. Allport⁷³, S.E. Allwood-Spiers⁵³, J. Almond⁸², A. Aloisio^{102a,102b}, R. Alon¹⁷², A. Alonso⁷⁹, F. Alonso⁷⁰, A. Altheimer³⁵, B. Alvarez Gonzalez⁸⁸, M.G. Alviggi^{102a,102b}, K. Amako⁶⁵, C. Amelung²³, V.V. Ammosov^{128,*}, S.P. Amor Dos Santos^{124a}, A. Amorim^{124a,c}, N. Amram¹⁵³, C. Anastopoulos³⁰, L.S. Ancu¹⁷, N. Andari¹¹⁵, T. Andeen³⁵, C.F. Anders^{58b}, G. Anders^{58a}, K.J. Anderson³¹, A. Andreazza^{89a,89b}, V. Andrei^{58a}, M-L. Andrieux⁵⁵, X.S. Anduaga⁷⁰, S. Angelidakis⁹, P. Anger⁴⁴, A. Angerami³⁵, F. Anghinolfi³⁰, A. Anisenkov¹⁰⁷, N. Anjos^{124a}, A. Annovi⁴⁷, A. Antonaki⁹, M. Antonelli⁴⁷, A. Antonov⁹⁶, J. Antos^{144b}, F. Anulli^{132a}, M. Aoki¹⁰¹, S. Aoun⁸³, L. Aperio Bella⁵, R. Apolle^{118,d}, G. Arabidze⁸⁸, I. Aracena¹⁴³, Y. Arai⁶⁵, A.T.H. Arce⁴⁵, S. Arfaoui¹⁴⁸, J-F. Arguin⁹³, S. Argyropoulos⁴², E. Arik^{19a,*}, M. Arik^{19a}, A.J. Armbruster⁸⁷, O. Arnaez⁸¹, V. Arnal⁸⁰, C. Arnault¹¹⁵, A. Artamonov⁹⁵, G. Artoni^{132a,132b}, D. Arutinov²¹, S. Asai¹⁵⁵, S. Ask²⁸, B. Åsman^{146a,146b}, L. Asquith⁶, K. Assamagan^{25,e}, A. Astbury¹⁶⁹, M. Atkinson¹⁶⁵, B. Aubert⁵, E. Auge¹¹⁵, K. Augsten¹²⁶, M. Aurousseau^{145a}, G. Avolio³⁰, R. Avramidou¹⁰, D. Axen¹⁶⁸, G. Azuelos^{93,f}, Y. Azuma¹⁵⁵, M.A. Baak³⁰, G. Baccaglioni^{89a}, C. Bacci^{134a,134b}, A.M. Bach¹⁵, H. Bachacou¹³⁶, K. Bachas³⁰, M. Backes⁴⁹, M. Backhaus²¹, J. Backus Mayes¹⁴³, E. Badescu^{26a}, P. Bagnaia^{132a,132b}, S. Bahinipati³, Y. Bai^{33a}, D.C. Bailey¹⁵⁸, T. Bain³⁵, J.T. Baines¹²⁹, O.K. Baker¹⁷⁶, M.D. Baker²⁵, S. Baker⁷⁷, P. Balek¹²⁷, E. Banas³⁹, P. Banerjee⁹³, Sw. Banerjee¹⁷³, D. Banfi³⁰, A. Bangert¹⁵⁰, V. Bansal¹⁶⁹, H.S. Bansil¹⁸, L. Barak¹⁷², S.P. Baranov⁹⁴, A. Barbaro Galtieri¹⁵, T. Barber⁴⁸, E.L. Barberio⁸⁶, D. Barberis^{50a,50b}, M. Barbero²¹, D.Y. Bardin⁶⁴, T. Barillari⁹⁹, M. Barisonzi¹⁷⁵, T. Barklow¹⁴³, N. Barlow²⁸, B.M. Barnett¹²⁹, R.M. Barnett¹⁵, A. Baroncelli^{134a}, G. Barone⁴⁹, A.J. Barr¹¹⁸, F. Barreiro⁸⁰, J. Barreiro Guimarães da Costa⁵⁷, P. Barrillon¹¹⁵, R. Bartoldus¹⁴³, A.E. Barton⁷¹, V. Bartsch¹⁴⁹, A. Basye¹⁶⁵, R.L. Bates⁵³, L. Batkova^{144a}, J.R. Batley²⁸, A. Battaglia¹⁷, M. Battistin³⁰, F. Bauer¹³⁶, H.S. Bawa^{143,g}, S. Beale⁹⁸, T. Beau⁷⁸, P.H. Beauchemin¹⁶¹, R. Beccherle^{50a}, P. Bechtel²¹, H.P. Beck¹⁷, K. Becker¹⁷⁵, S. Becker⁹⁸, M. Beckingham¹³⁸, K.H. Becks¹⁷⁵, A.J. Beddall^{19c}, A. Beddall^{19c}, S. Bedikian¹⁷⁶, V.A. Bednyakov⁶⁴, C.P. Bee⁸³, L.J. Beemster¹⁰⁵, M. Begel²⁵, S. Behar Harpaz¹⁵², P.K. Behera⁶², M. Beimforde⁹⁹, C. Belanger-Champagne⁸⁵, P.J. Bell⁴⁹, W.H. Bell⁴⁹, G. Bella¹⁵³, L. Bellagamba^{20a}, M. Bellomo³⁰, A. Belloni⁵⁷, O. Beloborodova^{107,h}, K. Belotskiy⁹⁶, O. Beltramello³⁰, O. Benary¹⁵³, D. Benchekroun^{135a}, K. Bendtz^{146a,146b}, N. Benekos¹⁶⁵, Y. Benhammou¹⁵³, E. Benhar Nocchioli⁴⁹, J.A. Benitez Garcia^{159b}, D.P. Benjamin⁴⁵, M. Benoit¹¹⁵, J.R. Bensinger²³, K. Benslama¹³⁰, S. Bentvelsen¹⁰⁵, D. Berge³⁰, E. Bergeas Kuutmann⁴², N. Berger⁵, F. Berghaus¹⁶⁹, E. Berglund¹⁰⁵, J. Beringer¹⁵, P. Bernat⁷⁷, R. Bernhard⁴⁸, C. Bernius²⁵, T. Berry⁷⁶, C. Bertella⁸³, A. Bertin^{20a,20b}, F. Bertolucci^{122a,122b}, M.I. Besana^{89a,89b}, G.J. Besjes¹⁰⁴, N. Besson¹³⁶, S. Bethke⁹⁹, W. Bhimji⁴⁶, R.M. Bianchi³⁰, L. Bianchini²³, M. Bianco^{72a,72b}, O. Biebel⁹⁸, S.P. Bieniek⁷⁷, K. Bierwagen⁵⁴, J. Biesiada¹⁵, M. Biglietti^{134a}, H. Bilokon⁴⁷, M. Bindi^{20a,20b}, S. Binet¹¹⁵, A. Bingul^{19c}, C. Bini^{132a,132b}, C. Biscarat¹⁷⁸, B. Bittner⁹⁹, C.W. Black¹⁵⁰, K.M. Black²², R.E. Blair⁶, J.-B. Blanchard¹³⁶, G. Blanchot³⁰, T. Blazek^{144a}, I. Bloch⁴²,

C. Blocker²³, J. Blocki³⁹, A. Blondel⁴⁹, W. Blum⁸¹, U. Blumenschein⁵⁴, G.J. Bobbink¹⁰⁵, V.S. Bobrovnikov¹⁰⁷, S.S. Bocchetta⁷⁹, A. Bocci⁴⁵, C.R. Boddy¹¹⁸, M. Boehler⁴⁸, J. Boek¹⁷⁵, T.T. Boek¹⁷⁵, N. Boelaert³⁶, J.A. Bogaerts³⁰, A. Bogdanchikov¹⁰⁷, A. Bogouch^{90,*}, C. Bohm^{146a}, J. Bohm¹²⁵, V. Boisvert⁷⁶, T. Bold³⁸, V. Boldea^{26a}, N.M. Bolnet¹³⁶, M. Bomben⁷⁸, M. Bona⁷⁵, M. Boonekamp¹³⁶, S. Bordoni⁷⁸, C. Borer¹⁷, A. Borisov¹²⁸, G. Borissov⁷¹, I. Borjanovic^{13a}, M. Borri⁸², S. Borroni⁸⁷, J. Bortfeldt⁹⁸, V. Bortolotto^{134a,134b}, K. Bos¹⁰⁵, D. Boscherini^{20a}, M. Bosman¹², H. Boterenbrood¹⁰⁵, J. Bouchami⁹³, J. Boudreau¹²³, E.V. Bouhova-Thacker⁷¹, D. Boumediene³⁴, C. Bourdarios¹¹⁵, N. Bousson⁸³, A. Boveia³¹, J. Boyd³⁰, I.R. Boyko⁶⁴, I. Bozovic-Jelisavcic^{13b}, J. Bracinik¹⁸, P. Branchini^{134a}, A. Brandt⁸, G. Brandt¹¹⁸, O. Brandt⁵⁴, U. Bratzler¹⁵⁶, B. Brau⁸⁴, J.E. Brau¹¹⁴, H.M. Braun^{175,*}, S.F. Brazzale^{164a,164c}, B. Brelief¹⁵⁸, J. Bremer³⁰, K. Brendlinger¹²⁰, R. Brenner¹⁶⁶, S. Bressler¹⁷², D. Britton⁵³, F.M. Brochu²⁸, I. Brock²¹, R. Brock⁸⁸, F. Broggi^{89a}, C. Bromberg⁸⁸, J. Bronner⁹⁹, G. Brooijmans³⁵, T. Brooks⁷⁶, W.K. Brooks^{32b}, G. Brown⁸², H. Brown⁸, P.A. Bruckman de Renstrom³⁹, D. Bruncko^{144b}, R. Bruneliere⁴⁸, S. Brunet⁶⁰, A. Bruni^{20a}, G. Bruni^{20a}, M. Bruschi^{20a}, T. Buanes¹⁴, Q. Buat⁵⁵, F. Bucci⁴⁹, J. Buchanan¹¹⁸, P. Buchholz¹⁴¹, R.M. Buckingham¹¹⁸, A.G. Buckley⁴⁶, S.I. Buda^{26a}, I.A. Budagov⁶⁴, B. Budick¹⁰⁸, V. Buescher⁸¹, L. Bugge¹¹⁷, O. Bulekov⁹⁶, A.C. Bundock⁷³, M. Bunse⁴³, T. Buran¹¹⁷, H. Burckhart³⁰, S. Burdin⁷³, T. Burgess¹⁴, S. Burke¹²⁹, E. Busato³⁴, P. Bussey⁵³, C.P. Buszello¹⁶⁶, B. Butler¹⁴³, J.M. Butler²², C.M. Buttar⁵³, J.M. Butterworth⁷⁷, W. Buttinger²⁸, M. Byszewski³⁰, S. Cabrera Urbán¹⁶⁷, D. Caforio^{20a,20b}, O. Cakir^{4a}, P. Calafiura¹⁵, G. Calderini⁷⁸, P. Calfayan⁹⁸, R. Calkins¹⁰⁶, L.P. Caloba^{24a}, R. Caloi^{132a,132b}, D. Calvet³⁴, S. Calvet³⁴, R. Camacho Toro³⁴, P. Camarri^{133a,133b}, D. Cameron¹¹⁷, L.M. Caminada¹⁵, R. Caminal Armadans¹², S. Campana³⁰, M. Campanelli⁷⁷, V. Canale^{102a,102b}, F. Canelli³¹, A. Canepa^{159a}, J. Cantero⁸⁰, R. Cantrill⁷⁶, L. Capasso^{102a,102b}, M.D.M. Capeans Garrido³⁰, I. Caprini^{26a}, M. Caprini^{26a}, D. Capriotti⁹⁹, M. Capua^{37a,37b}, R. Caputo⁸¹, R. Cardarelli^{133a}, T. Carli³⁰, G. Carlino^{102a}, L. Carminati^{89a,89b}, B. Caron⁸⁵, S. Caron¹⁰⁴, E. Carquin^{32b}, G.D. Carrillo-Montoya^{145b}, A.A. Carter⁷⁵, J.R. Carter²⁸, J. Carvalho^{124a,i}, D. Casadei¹⁰⁸, M.P. Casado¹², M. Cascella^{122a,122b}, C. Caso^{50a,50b,*}, A.M. Castaneda Hernandez^{173,j}, E. Castaneda-Miranda¹⁷³, V. Castillo Gimenez¹⁶⁷, N.F. Castro^{124a}, G. Cataldi^{72a}, P. Catastini⁵⁷, A. Catinaccio³⁰, J.R. Catmore³⁰, A. Cattai³⁰, G. Cattani^{133a,133b}, S. Caughron⁸⁸, V. Cavaliere¹⁶⁵, P. Cavalleri⁷⁸, D. Cavalli^{89a}, M. Cavalli-Sforza¹², V. Cavasinni^{122a,122b}, F. Ceradini^{134a,134b}, A.S. Cerqueira^{24b}, A. Cerri³⁰, L. Cerrito⁷⁵, F. Cerutti⁴⁷, S.A. Cetin^{19b}, A. Chafaq^{135a}, D. Chakraborty¹⁰⁶, I. Chalupkova¹²⁷, K. Chan³, P. Chang¹⁶⁵, B. Chapleau⁸⁵, J.D. Chapman²⁸, J.W. Chapman⁸⁷, E. Chareyre⁷⁸, D.G. Charlton¹⁸, V. Chavda⁸², C.A. Chavez Barajas³⁰, S. Cheatham⁸⁵, S. Chekanov⁶, S.V. Chekulaev^{159a}, G.A. Chelkov⁶⁴, M.A. Chelstowska¹⁰⁴, C. Chen⁶³, H. Chen²⁵, S. Chen^{33c}, X. Chen¹⁷³, Y. Chen³⁵, Y. Cheng³¹, A. Cheplakov⁶⁴, R. Cherkaoui El Mourshli^{135e}, V. Chernyatin²⁵, E. Cheu⁷, S.L. Cheung¹⁵⁸, L. Chevalier¹³⁶, G. Chiefari^{102a,102b}, L. Chikovani^{51a,*}, J.T. Childers³⁰, A. Chilingarov⁷¹, G. Chiodini^{72a}, A.S. Chisholm¹⁸, R.T. Chislett⁷⁷, A. Chitan^{26a}, M.V. Chizhov⁶⁴, G. Choudalakis³¹, S. Chouridou¹³⁷, I.A. Christidi⁷⁷, A. Christov⁴⁸, D. Chromek-Burckhart³⁰, M.L. Chu¹⁵¹, J. Chudoba¹²⁵, G. Ciapetti^{132a,132b}, A.K. Ciftci^{4a}, R. Ciftci^{4a}, D. Cinca³⁴, V. Cindro⁷⁴, C. Ciocca^{20a,20b}, A. Ciocio¹⁵, M. Cirilli⁸⁷, P. Cirkovic^{13b}, Z.H. Citron¹⁷², M. Citterio^{89a}, M. Ciubancan^{26a}, A. Clark⁴⁹, P.J. Clark⁴⁶, R.N. Clarke¹⁵, W. Cleland¹²³, J.C. Clemens⁸³, B. Clement⁵⁵, C. Clement^{146a,146b}, Y. Coadou⁸³, M. Cobal^{164a,164c}, A. Coccaro¹³⁸, J. Cochran⁶³, L. Coffey²³, J.G. Cogan¹⁴³, J. Coggeshall¹⁶⁵, E. Cogneras¹⁷⁸, J. Colas⁵, S. Cole¹⁰⁶, A.P. Colijn¹⁰⁵, N.J. Collins¹⁸, C. Collins-Tooth⁵³, J. Collot⁵⁵, T. Colombo^{119a,119b}, G. Colon⁸⁴, G. Compostella⁹⁹, P. Conde Muiño^{124a}, E. Coniavitis¹⁶⁶, M.C. Conidi¹², S.M. Consonni^{89a,89b}, V. Consorti⁴⁸, S. Constantinescu^{26a}, C. Conta^{119a,119b}, G. Conti⁵⁷, F. Conventi^{102a,k}, M. Cooke¹⁵,

B.D. Cooper⁷⁷, A.M. Cooper-Sarkar¹¹⁸, K. Copic¹⁵, T. Cornelissen¹⁷⁵, M. Corradi^{20a},
 F. Corriveau^{85,l}, A. Cortes-Gonzalez¹⁶⁵, G. Cortiana⁹⁹, G. Costa^{89a}, M.J. Costa¹⁶⁷,
 D. Costanzo¹³⁹, D. Côté³⁰, L. Courneyea¹⁶⁹, G. Cowan⁷⁶, C. Cowden²⁸, B.E. Cox⁸²,
 K. Cranmer¹⁰⁸, F. Crescioli⁷⁸, M. Cristinziani²¹, G. Crosetti^{37a,37b}, S. Crépe-Renaudin⁵⁵,
 C.-M. Cuciuc^{26a}, C. Cuenca Almenar¹⁷⁶, T. Cuhadar Donszelmann¹³⁹, J. Cummings¹⁷⁶,
 M. Curatolo⁴⁷, C.J. Curtis¹⁸, C. Cuthbert¹⁵⁰, P. Cwetanski⁶⁰, H. Czirr¹⁴¹, P. Czodrowski⁴⁴,
 Z. Czyczula¹⁷⁶, S. D'Auria⁵³, M. D'Onofrio⁷³, A. D'Orazio^{132a,132b},
 M.J. Da Cunha Sargedas De Sousa^{124a}, C. Da Via⁸², W. Dabrowski³⁸, A. Dafinca¹¹⁸, T. Dai⁸⁷,
 C. Dallapiccola⁸⁴, M. Dam³⁶, M. Dameri^{50a,50b}, D.S. Damiani¹³⁷, H.O. Danielsson³⁰, V. Dao⁴⁹,
 G. Darbo^{50a}, G.L. Darlea^{26b}, J.A. Dassoulas⁴², W. Davey²¹, T. Davidek¹²⁷, N. Davidson⁸⁶,
 R. Davidson⁷¹, E. Davies^{118,d}, M. Davies⁹³, O. Davignon⁷⁸, A.R. Davison⁷⁷, Y. Davygora^{58a},
 E. Dawe¹⁴², I. Dawson¹³⁹, R.K. Daya-Ishmukhametova²³, K. De⁸, R. de Asmundis^{102a},
 S. De Castro^{20a,20b}, S. De Cecco⁷⁸, J. de Graat⁹⁸, N. De Groot¹⁰⁴, P. de Jong¹⁰⁵,
 C. De La Taille¹¹⁵, H. De la Torre⁸⁰, F. De Lorenzi⁶³, L. de Mora⁷¹, L. De Nooij¹⁰⁵,
 D. De Pedis^{132a}, A. De Salvo^{132a}, U. De Sanctis^{164a,164c}, A. De Santo¹⁴⁹,
 J.B. De Vivie De Regie¹¹⁵, G. De Zorzi^{132a,132b}, W.J. Dearnaley⁷¹, R. Debbé²⁵, C. Debenedetti⁴⁶,
 B. Dechenaux⁵⁵, D.V. Dedovich⁶⁴, J. Degenhardt¹²⁰, J. Del Peso⁸⁰, T. Del Prete^{122a,122b},
 T. Delemontex⁵⁵, M. Deliyergiyev⁷⁴, A. Dell'Acqua³⁰, L. Dell'Asta²², M. Della Pietra^{102a,k},
 D. della Volpe^{102a,102b}, M. Delmastro⁵, P.A. Delsart⁵⁵, C. Deluca¹⁰⁵, S. Demers¹⁷⁶,
 M. Demichev⁶⁴, B. Demirköz^{12,m}, S.P. Denisov¹²⁸, D. Derendarz³⁹, J.E. Derkaoui^{135d}, F. Derue⁷⁸,
 P. Dervan⁷³, K. Desch²¹, E. Devetak¹⁴⁸, P.O. Deviveiros¹⁰⁵, A. Dewhurst¹²⁹, B. DeWilde¹⁴⁸,
 S. Dhaliwal¹⁵⁸, R. Dhullipudi^{25,n}, A. Di Ciaccio^{133a,133b}, L. Di Ciaccio⁵, C. Di Donato^{102a,102b},
 A. Di Girolamo³⁰, B. Di Girolamo³⁰, S. Di Luise^{134a,134b}, A. Di Mattia¹⁷³, B. Di Micco³⁰,
 R. Di Nardo⁴⁷, A. Di Simone^{133a,133b}, R. Di Sipio^{20a,20b}, M.A. Diaz^{32a}, E.B. Diehl⁸⁷,
 J. Dietrich⁴², T.A. Dietzsch^{58a}, S. Diglio⁸⁶, K. Dindar Yagci⁴⁰, J. Dingfelder²¹, F. Dinut^{26a},
 C. Dionisi^{132a,132b}, P. Dita^{26a}, S. Dita^{26a}, F. Dittus³⁰, F. Djama⁸³, T. Djobava^{51b},
 M.A.B. do Vale^{24c}, A. Do Valle Wemans^{124a,o}, T.K.O. Doan⁵, M. Dobbs⁸⁵, D. Dobos³⁰,
 E. Dobson^{30,p}, J. Dodd³⁵, C. Doglioni⁴⁹, T. Doherty⁵³, Y. Doi^{65,*}, J. Dolejsi¹²⁷, I. Dolenc⁷⁴,
 Z. Dolezal¹²⁷, B.A. Dolgoshein^{96,*}, T. Dohmae¹⁵⁵, M. Donadelli^{24d}, J. Donini³⁴, J. Dopke³⁰,
 A. Doria^{102a}, A. Dos Anjos¹⁷³, A. Dotti^{122a,122b}, M.T. Dova⁷⁰, A.D. Doxiadis¹⁰⁵, A.T. Doyle⁵³,
 N. Dressnandt¹²⁰, M. Dris¹⁰, J. Dubbert⁹⁹, S. Dube¹⁵, E. Duchovni¹⁷², G. Duckeck⁹⁸, D. Duda¹⁷⁵,
 A. Dudarev³⁰, F. Dudziak⁶³, M. Dührssen³⁰, I.P. Duerdoth⁸², L. Duflot¹¹⁵, M.-A. Dufour⁸⁵,
 L. Duguid⁷⁶, M. Dunford^{58a}, H. Duran Yildiz^{4a}, R. Duxfield¹³⁹, M. Dwuznik³⁸, M. Düren⁵²,
 W.L. Ebenstein⁴⁵, J. Ebke⁹⁸, S. Eckweiler⁸¹, K. Edmonds⁸¹, W. Edson², C.A. Edwards⁷⁶,
 N.C. Edwards⁵³, W. Ehrenfeld⁴², T. Eifert¹⁴³, G. Eigen¹⁴, K. Einsweiler¹⁵, E. Eisenhandler⁷⁵,
 T. Ekelof¹⁶⁶, M. El Kacimi^{135c}, M. Ellert¹⁶⁶, S. Elles⁵, F. Ellinghaus⁸¹, K. Ellis⁷⁵, N. Ellis³⁰,
 J. Elmsheuser⁹⁸, M. Elsing³⁰, D. Emeliyanov¹²⁹, R. Engelmann¹⁴⁸, A. Engl⁹⁸, B. Epp⁶¹,
 J. Erdmann⁵⁴, A. Ereditato¹⁷, D. Eriksson^{146a}, J. Ernst², M. Ernst²⁵, J. Ernwein¹³⁶,
 D. Errede¹⁶⁵, S. Errede¹⁶⁵, E. Ertel⁸¹, M. Escalier¹¹⁵, H. Esch⁴³, C. Escobar¹²³,
 X. Espinal Curull¹², B. Esposito⁴⁷, F. Etienne⁸³, A.I. Etienvre¹³⁶, E. Etzion¹⁵³,
 D. Evangelakou⁵⁴, H. Evans⁶⁰, L. Fabbri^{20a,20b}, C. Fabre³⁰, R.M. Fakhruddinov¹²⁸,
 S. Falciano^{132a}, Y. Fang^{33a}, M. Fanti^{89a,89b}, A. Farbin⁸, A. Farilla^{134a}, J. Farley¹⁴⁸,
 T. Farooque¹⁵⁸, S. Farrell¹⁶³, S.M. Farrington¹⁷⁰, P. Farthouat³⁰, F. Fassi¹⁶⁷, P. Fassnacht³⁰,
 D. Fassouliotis⁹, B. Fatholahzadeh¹⁵⁸, A. Favareto^{89a,89b}, L. Fayard¹¹⁵, S. Fazio^{37a,37b},
 R. Febbraro³⁴, P. Federic^{144a}, O.L. Fedin¹²¹, W. Fedorko⁸⁸, M. Fehling-Kaschek⁴⁸, L. Feligioni⁸³,
 C. Feng^{33d}, E.J. Feng⁶, A.B. Fenyuk¹²⁸, J. Ferencei^{144b}, W. Fernando⁶, S. Ferrag⁵³, J. Ferrando⁵³,
 V. Ferrara⁴², A. Ferrari¹⁶⁶, P. Ferrari¹⁰⁵, R. Ferrari^{119a}, D.E. Ferreira de Lima⁵³, A. Ferrer¹⁶⁷,
 D. Ferrere⁴⁹, C. Ferretti⁸⁷, A. Ferretto Parodi^{50a,50b}, M. Fiascaris³¹, F. Fiedler⁸¹, A. Filipčić⁷⁴,

F. Filthaut¹⁰⁴, M. Fincke-Keeler¹⁶⁹, M.C.N. Fiolhais^{124a,i}, L. Fiorini¹⁶⁷, A. Firan⁴⁰, G. Fischer⁴², M.J. Fisher¹⁰⁹, M. Flechl⁴⁸, I. Fleck¹⁴¹, J. Fleckner⁸¹, P. Fleischmann¹⁷⁴, S. Fleischmann¹⁷⁵, T. Flick¹⁷⁵, A. Floderus⁷⁹, L.R. Flores Castillo¹⁷³, M.J. Flowerdew⁹⁹, T. Fonseca Martin¹⁷, A. Formica¹³⁶, A. Forti⁸², D. Fortin^{159a}, D. Fournier¹¹⁵, A.J. Fowler⁴⁵, H. Fox⁷¹, P. Francavilla¹², M. Franchini^{20a,20b}, S. Franchino^{119a,119b}, D. Francis³⁰, T. Frank¹⁷², M. Franklin⁵⁷, S. Franz³⁰, M. Fraternali^{119a,119b}, S. Fratina¹²⁰, S.T. French²⁸, C. Friedrich⁴², F. Friedrich⁴⁴, R. Froeschl³⁰, D. Froidevaux³⁰, J.A. Frost²⁸, C. Fukunaga¹⁵⁶, E. Fullana Torregrosa³⁰, B.G. Fulson¹⁴³, J. Fuster¹⁶⁷, C. Gabaldon³⁰, O. Gabizon¹⁷², T. Gadfort²⁵, S. Gadomski⁴⁹, G. Gagliardi^{50a,50b}, P. Gagnon⁶⁰, C. Galea⁹⁸, B. Galhardo^{124a}, E.J. Gallas¹¹⁸, V. Gallo¹⁷, B.J. Gallop¹²⁹, P. Gallus¹²⁵, K.K. Gan¹⁰⁹, Y.S. Gao^{143,g}, A. Gaponenko¹⁵, F. Garberson¹⁷⁶, M. Garcia-Sciveres¹⁵, C. García¹⁶⁷, J.E. García Navarro¹⁶⁷, R.W. Gardner³¹, N. Garelli³⁰, H. Garitaonandia¹⁰⁵, V. Garonne³⁰, C. Gatti⁴⁷, G. Gaudio^{119a}, B. Gaur¹⁴¹, L. Gauthier¹³⁶, P. Gauzzi^{132a,132b}, I.L. Gavrilenko⁹⁴, C. Gay¹⁶⁸, G. Gaycken²¹, E.N. Gazis¹⁰, P. Ge^{33d}, Z. Gecse¹⁶⁸, C.N.P. Gee¹²⁹, D.A.A. Geerts¹⁰⁵, Ch. Geich-Gimbel²¹, K. Gellerstedt^{146a,146b}, C. Gemme^{50a}, A. Gemmell⁵³, M.H. Genest⁵⁵, S. Gentile^{132a,132b}, M. George⁵⁴, S. George⁷⁶, P. Gerlach¹⁷⁵, A. Gershon¹⁵³, C. Geweniger^{58a}, H. Ghazlane^{135b}, N. Ghodbane³⁴, B. Giacobbe^{20a}, S. Giagu^{132a,132b}, V. Giakoumopoulou⁹, V. Giangiobbe¹², F. Gianotti³⁰, B. Gibbard²⁵, A. Gibson¹⁵⁸, S.M. Gibson³⁰, M. Gilchriese¹⁵, D. Gillberg²⁹, A.R. Gillman¹²⁹, D.M. Gingrich^{3,f}, J. Ginzburg¹⁵³, N. Giokaris⁹, M.P. Giordani^{164c}, R. Giordano^{102a,102b}, F.M. Giorgi¹⁶, P. Giovannini⁹⁹, P.F. Giraud¹³⁶, D. Giugni^{89a}, M. Giunta⁹³, B.K. Gjølsten¹¹⁷, L.K. Gladilin⁹⁷, C. Glasman⁸⁰, J. Glatzer²¹, A. Glazov⁴², K.W. Glitza¹⁷⁵, G.L. Glonti⁶⁴, J.R. Goddard⁷⁵, J. Godfrey¹⁴², J. Godlewski³⁰, M. Goebel⁴², T. Göpfert⁴⁴, C. Goeringer⁸¹, C. Gössling⁴³, S. Goldfarb⁸⁷, T. Golling¹⁷⁶, A. Gomes^{124a,c}, L.S. Gomez Fajardo⁴², R. Gonçalo⁷⁶, J. Goncalves Pinto Firmino Da Costa⁴², L. Gonella²¹, S. González de la Hoz¹⁶⁷, G. Gonzalez Parra¹², M.L. Gonzalez Silva²⁷, S. Gonzalez-Sevilla⁴⁹, J.J. Goodson¹⁴⁸, L. Goossens³⁰, P.A. Gorbounov⁹⁵, H.A. Gordon²⁵, I. Gorelov¹⁰³, G. Gorfine¹⁷⁵, B. Gorini³⁰, E. Gorini^{72a,72b}, A. Gorišek⁷⁴, E. Gornicki³⁹, A.T. Goshaw⁶, M. Gosselink¹⁰⁵, M.I. Gostkin⁶⁴, I. Gough Eschrich¹⁶³, M. Gouighri^{135a}, D. Goujdami^{135c}, M.P. Goulette⁴⁹, A.G. Goussiou¹³⁸, C. Goy⁵, S. Gozpinar²³, I. Grabowska-Bold³⁸, P. Grafström^{20a,20b}, K.-J. Grah⁴², E. Gramstad¹¹⁷, F. Grancagnolo^{72a}, S. Grancagnolo¹⁶, V. Grassi¹⁴⁸, V. Gratchev¹²¹, N. Grau³⁵, H.M. Gray³⁰, J.A. Gray¹⁴⁸, E. Graziani^{134a}, O.G. Grebenyuk¹²¹, T. Greenshaw⁷³, Z.D. Greenwood^{25,n}, K. Gregersen³⁶, I.M. Gregor⁴², P. Grenier¹⁴³, J. Griffiths⁸, N. Grigalashvili⁶⁴, A.A. Grillo¹³⁷, S. Grinstein¹², Ph. Gris³⁴, Y.V. Grishkevich⁹⁷, J.-F. Grivaz¹¹⁵, E. Gross¹⁷², J. Grosse-Knetter⁵⁴, J. Groth-Jensen¹⁷², K. Grybel¹⁴¹, D. Guest¹⁷⁶, C. Guicheney³⁴, E. Guido^{50a,50b}, S. Guindon⁵⁴, U. Gul⁵³, J. Gunther¹²⁵, B. Guo¹⁵⁸, J. Guo³⁵, P. Gutierrez¹¹¹, N. Guttman¹⁵³, O. Gutzwiller¹⁷³, C. Guyot¹³⁶, C. Gwenlan¹¹⁸, C.B. Gwilliam⁷³, A. Haas¹⁰⁸, S. Haas³⁰, C. Haber¹⁵, H.K. Hadavand⁸, D.R. Hadley¹⁸, P. Haefner²¹, F. Hahn³⁰, Z. Hajduk³⁹, H. Hakobyan¹⁷⁷, D. Hall¹¹⁸, K. Hamacher¹⁷⁵, P. Hamal¹¹³, K. Hamano⁸⁶, M. Hamer⁵⁴, A. Hamilton^{145b,q}, S. Hamilton¹⁶¹, L. Han^{33b}, K. Hanagaki¹¹⁶, K. Hanawa¹⁶⁰, M. Hance¹⁵, C. Handel⁸¹, P. Hanke^{58a}, J.R. Hansen³⁶, J.B. Hansen³⁶, J.D. Hansen³⁶, P.H. Hansen³⁶, P. Hansson¹⁴³, K. Hara¹⁶⁰, T. Harenberg¹⁷⁵, S. Harkusha⁹⁰, D. Harper⁸⁷, R.D. Harrington⁴⁶, O.M. Harris¹³⁸, J. Hartert⁴⁸, F. Hartjes¹⁰⁵, T. Haruyama⁶⁵, A. Harvey⁵⁶, S. Hasegawa¹⁰¹, Y. Hasegawa¹⁴⁰, S. Hassani¹³⁶, S. Haug¹⁷, M. Hauschild³⁰, R. Hauser⁸⁸, M. Havranek²¹, C.M. Hawkes¹⁸, R.J. Hawkings³⁰, A.D. Hawkins⁷⁹, T. Hayakawa⁶⁶, T. Hayashi¹⁶⁰, D. Hayden⁷⁶, C.P. Hays¹¹⁸, H.S. Hayward⁷³, S.J. Haywood¹²⁹, S.J. Head¹⁸, V. Hedberg⁷⁹, L. Heelan⁸, S. Heim¹²⁰, B. Heinemann¹⁵, S. Heisterkamp³⁶, L. Helary²², C. Heller⁹⁸, M. Heller³⁰, S. Hellman^{146a,146b}, D. Hellmich²¹, C. Helsen¹², R.C.W. Henderson⁷¹, M. Henke^{58a}, A. Henrichs¹⁷⁶, A.M. Henriques Correia³⁰, S. Henrot-Versille¹¹⁵, C. Hensel⁵⁴, C.M. Hernandez⁸, Y. Hernández Jiménez¹⁶⁷, R. Herrberg¹⁶,

G. Herten⁴⁸, R. Hertenberger⁹⁸, L. Hervas³⁰, G.G. Hesketh⁷⁷, N.P. Hessey¹⁰⁵,
E. Higón-Rodríguez¹⁶⁷, J.C. Hill²⁸, K.H. Hiller⁴², S. Hillert²¹, S.J. Hillier¹⁸, I. Hinchliffe¹⁵,
E. Hines¹²⁰, M. Hirose¹¹⁶, F. Hirsch⁴³, D. Hirschbuehl¹⁷⁵, J. Hobbs¹⁴⁸, N. Hod¹⁵³,
M.C. Hodgkinson¹³⁹, P. Hodgson¹³⁹, A. Hoecker³⁰, M.R. Hoferkamp¹⁰³, J. Hoffman⁴⁰,
D. Hoffmann⁸³, M. Hohlfeld⁸¹, M. Holder¹⁴¹, S.O. Holmgren^{146a}, T. Holy¹²⁶, J.L. Holzbauer⁸⁸,
T.M. Hong¹²⁰, L. Hooft van Huysduynen¹⁰⁸, S. Horner⁴⁸, J.-Y. Hostachy⁵⁵, S. Hou¹⁵¹,
A. Hoummada^{135a}, J. Howard¹¹⁸, J. Howarth⁸², I. Hristova¹⁶, J. Hrivnac¹¹⁵, T. Hryn'ova⁵,
P.J. Hsu⁸¹, S.-C. Hsu¹⁵, D. Hu³⁵, Z. Hubacek¹²⁶, F. Hubaut⁸³, F. Huegging²¹, A. Huettmann⁴²,
T.B. Huffman¹¹⁸, E.W. Hughes³⁵, G. Hughes⁷¹, M. Huhtinen³⁰, M. Hurwitz¹⁵, N. Huseynov^{64,r},
J. Huston⁸⁸, J. Huth⁵⁷, G. Iacobucci⁴⁹, G. Iakovidis¹⁰, M. Ibbotson⁸², I. Ibragimov¹⁴¹,
L. Iconomidou-Fayard¹¹⁵, J. Idarraga¹¹⁵, P. Iengo^{102a}, O. Igonkina¹⁰⁵, Y. Ikegami⁶⁵, M. Ikeno⁶⁵,
D. Iliadis¹⁵⁴, N. Ilic¹⁵⁸, T. Ince⁹⁹, P. Ioannou⁹, M. Iodice^{134a}, K. Iordanidou⁹, V. Ippolito^{132a,132b},
A. Irles Quiles¹⁶⁷, C. Isaksson¹⁶⁶, M. Ishino⁶⁷, M. Ishitsuka¹⁵⁷, R. Ishmukhametov¹⁰⁹,
C. Issever¹¹⁸, S. Istin^{19a}, A.V. Ivashin¹²⁸, W. Iwanski³⁹, H. Iwasaki⁶⁵, J.M. Izen⁴¹, V. Izzo^{102a},
B. Jackson¹²⁰, J.N. Jackson⁷³, P. Jackson¹, M.R. Jaekel³⁰, V. Jain⁶⁰, K. Jakobs⁴⁸, S. Jakobsen³⁶,
T. Jakoubek¹²⁵, J. Jakubek¹²⁶, D.O. Jamin¹⁵¹, D.K. Jana¹¹¹, E. Jansen⁷⁷, H. Jansen³⁰,
J. Janssen²¹, A. Jantsch⁹⁹, M. Janus⁴⁸, R.C. Jared¹⁷³, G. Jarlskog⁷⁹, L. Jeanty⁵⁷,
I. Jen-La Plante³¹, D. Jennens⁸⁶, P. Jenni³⁰, A.E. Loevschall-Jensen³⁶, P. Jež³⁶, S. Jézéquel⁵,
M.K. Jha^{20a}, H. Ji¹⁷³, W. Ji⁸¹, J. Jia¹⁴⁸, Y. Jiang^{33b}, M. Jimenez Belenguer⁴², S. Jin^{33a},
O. Jinnouchi¹⁵⁷, M.D. Joergensen³⁶, D. Joffe⁴⁰, M. Johansen^{146a,146b}, K.E. Johansson^{146a},
P. Johansson¹³⁹, S. Johnert⁴², K.A. Johns⁷, K. Jon-And^{146a,146b}, G. Jones¹⁷⁰, R.W.L. Jones⁷¹,
T.J. Jones⁷³, C. Joram³⁰, P.M. Jorge^{124a}, K.D. Joshi⁸², J. Jovicevic¹⁴⁷, T. Jovin^{13b}, X. Ju¹⁷³,
C.A. Jung⁴³, R.M. Jungst³⁰, V. Juranek¹²⁵, P. Jussel⁶¹, A. Juste Rozas¹², S. Kabana¹⁷,
M. Kaci¹⁶⁷, A. Kaczmarska³⁹, P. Kadlecik³⁶, M. Kado¹¹⁵, H. Kagan¹⁰⁹, M. Kagan⁵⁷,
E. Kajomovitz¹⁵², S. Kalinin¹⁷⁵, L.V. Kalinovskaya⁶⁴, S. Kama⁴⁰, N. Kanaya¹⁵⁵, M. Kaneda³⁰,
S. Kaneti²⁸, T. Kanno¹⁵⁷, V.A. Kantserov⁹⁶, J. Kanzaki⁶⁵, B. Kaplan¹⁰⁸, A. Kapliy³¹,
J. Kaplon³⁰, D. Kar⁵³, M. Karagounis²¹, K. Karakostas¹⁰, M. Karnevskiy⁴², V. Kartvelishvili⁷¹,
A.N. Karyukhin¹²⁸, L. Kashif¹⁷³, G. Kasieczka^{58b}, R.D. Kass¹⁰⁹, A. Kastanas¹⁴, M. Kataoka⁵,
Y. Kataoka¹⁵⁵, E. Katsoufis¹⁰, J. Katzy⁴², V. Kaushik⁷, K. Kawagoe⁶⁹, T. Kawamoto¹⁵⁵,
G. Kawamura⁸¹, M.S. Kayl¹⁰⁵, S. Kazama¹⁵⁵, V.F. Kazanin¹⁰⁷, M.Y. Kazarinov⁶⁴, R. Keeler¹⁶⁹,
P.T. Keener¹²⁰, R. Kehoe⁴⁰, M. Keil⁵⁴, G.D. Kekelidze⁶⁴, J.S. Keller¹³⁸, M. Kenyon⁵³,
O. Kepka¹²⁵, N. Kerschen³⁰, B.P. Kerševan⁷⁴, S. Kersten¹⁷⁵, K. Kessoku¹⁵⁵, J. Keung¹⁵⁸,
F. Khalil-zada¹¹, H. Khandanyan^{146a,146b}, A. Khanov¹¹², D. Kharchenko⁶⁴, A. Khodinov⁹⁶,
A. Khomich^{58a}, T.J. Khoo²⁸, G. Khoriali²¹, A. Khoroshilov¹⁷⁵, V. Khovanskiy⁹⁵, E. Khramov⁶⁴,
J. Khubua^{51b}, H. Kim^{146a,146b}, S.H. Kim¹⁶⁰, N. Kimura¹⁷¹, O. Kind¹⁶, B.T. King⁷³, M. King⁶⁶,
R.S.B. King¹¹⁸, J. Kirk¹²⁹, A.E. Kiryunin⁹⁹, T. Kishimoto⁶⁶, D. Kisielewska³⁸, T. Kitamura⁶⁶,
T. Kittelmann¹²³, K. Kiuchi¹⁶⁰, E. Kladiva^{144b}, M. Klein⁷³, U. Klein⁷³, K. Kleinknecht⁸¹,
M. Klemetti⁸⁵, A. Klier¹⁷², P. Klimek^{146a,146b}, A. Klimentov²⁵, R. Klingenberg⁴³, J.A. Klinger⁸²,
E.B. Klinkby³⁶, T. Klioutchnikova³⁰, P.F. Klok¹⁰⁴, S. Klous¹⁰⁵, E.-E. Kluge^{58a}, T. Kluge⁷³,
P. Kluit¹⁰⁵, S. Kluth⁹⁹, E. Kneringer⁶¹, E.B.F.G. Knoops⁸³, A. Knue⁵⁴, B.R. Ko⁴⁵,
T. Kobayashi¹⁵⁵, M. Kobel⁴⁴, M. Kocian¹⁴³, P. Kodys¹²⁷, K. Köneke³⁰, A.C. König¹⁰⁴,
S. Koenig⁸¹, L. Köpke⁸¹, F. Koetsveld¹⁰⁴, P. Koevesarki²¹, T. Koffas²⁹, E. Koffeman¹⁰⁵,
L.A. Kogan¹¹⁸, S. Kohlmann¹⁷⁵, F. Kohn⁵⁴, Z. Kohout¹²⁶, T. Kohriki⁶⁵, T. Koi¹⁴³,
G.M. Kolachev^{107,*}, H. Kolanoski¹⁶, V. Kolesnikov⁶⁴, I. Koletsou^{89a}, J. Koll⁸⁸, A.A. Komar⁹⁴,
Y. Komori¹⁵⁵, T. Kondo⁶⁵, T. Kono^{42,s}, A.I. Kononov⁴⁸, R. Konoplich^{108,t}, N. Konstantinidis⁷⁷,
R. Kopeliansky¹⁵², S. Koperny³⁸, K. Korcyl³⁹, K. Kordas¹⁵⁴, A. Korn¹¹⁸, A. Korol¹⁰⁷,
I. Korolkov¹², E.V. Korolkova¹³⁹, V.A. Korotkov¹²⁸, O. Kortner⁹⁹, S. Kortner⁹⁹,
V.V. Kostyukhin²¹, S. Kotov⁹⁹, V.M. Kotov⁶⁴, A. Kotwal⁴⁵, C. Kourkoumelis⁹, V. Kouskoura¹⁵⁴,

A. Koutsman^{159a}, R. Kowalewski¹⁶⁹, T.Z. Kowalski³⁸, W. Kozanecki¹³⁶, A.S. Kozhin¹²⁸,
 V. Kral¹²⁶, V.A. Kramarenko⁹⁷, G. Kramberger⁷⁴, M.W. Krasny⁷⁸, A. Krasznahorkay¹⁰⁸,
 J.K. Kraus²¹, S. Kreiss¹⁰⁸, F. Krejci¹²⁶, J. Kretzschmar⁷³, N. Krieger⁵⁴, P. Krieger¹⁵⁸,
 K. Kroeninger⁵⁴, H. Kroha⁹⁹, J. Kroll¹²⁰, J. Kroseberg²¹, J. Krstic^{13a}, U. Kruchonak⁶⁴,
 H. Krüger²¹, T. Kruker¹⁷, N. Krumnack⁶³, Z.V. Krumshteyn⁶⁴, M.K. Kruse⁴⁵, T. Kubota⁸⁶,
 S. Kuday^{4a}, S. Kuehn⁴⁸, A. Kugel^{58c}, T. Kuhl⁴², D. Kuhn⁶¹, V. Kukhtin⁶⁴, Y. Kulchitsky⁹⁰,
 S. Kuleshov^{32b}, C. Kummer⁹⁸, M. Kuna⁷⁸, J. Kunkle¹²⁰, A. Kupco¹²⁵, H. Kurashige⁶⁶,
 M. Kurata¹⁶⁰, Y.A. Kurochkin⁹⁰, V. Kus¹²⁵, E.S. Kuwertz¹⁴⁷, M. Kuze¹⁵⁷, J. Kvita¹⁴²,
 R. Kwee¹⁶, A. La Rosa⁴⁹, L. La Rotonda^{37a,37b}, L. Labarga⁸⁰, J. Labbe⁵, S. Lablak^{135a},
 C. Lacasta¹⁶⁷, F. Lacava^{132a,132b}, J. Lacey²⁹, H. Lacker¹⁶, D. Lacour⁷⁸, V.R. Lacuesta¹⁶⁷,
 E. Ladygin⁶⁴, R. Lafaye⁵, B. Laforge⁷⁸, T. Lagouri¹⁷⁶, S. Lai⁴⁸, E. Laisne⁵⁵, L. Lambourne⁷⁷,
 C.L. Lampen⁷, W. Lampl⁷, E. Lancon¹³⁶, U. Landgraf⁴⁸, M.P.J. Landon⁷⁵, V.S. Lang^{58a},
 C. Lange⁴², A.J. Lankford¹⁶³, F. Lanni²⁵, K. Lantzsich³⁰, A. Lanza^{119a}, S. Laplace⁷⁸,
 C. Lapoire²¹, J.F. Laporte¹³⁶, T. Lari^{89a}, A. Larner¹¹⁸, M. Lassnig³⁰, P. Laurelli⁴⁷,
 V. Lavorini^{37a,37b}, W. Lavrijsen¹⁵, P. Laycock⁷³, O. Le Dortz⁷⁸, E. Le Guirriec⁸³,
 E. Le Menedeu¹², T. LeCompte⁶, F. Ledroit-Guillon⁵⁵, H. Lee¹⁰⁵, J.S.H. Lee¹¹⁶, S.C. Lee¹⁵¹,
 L. Lee¹⁷⁶, M. Lefebvre¹⁶⁹, M. Legendre¹³⁶, F. Legger⁹⁸, C. Leggett¹⁵, M. Lehmacher²¹,
 G. Lehmann Miotto³⁰, A.G. Leister¹⁷⁶, M.A.L. Leite^{24d}, R. Leitner¹²⁷, D. Lellouch¹⁷²,
 B. Lemmer⁵⁴, V. Lendermann^{58a}, K.J.C. Leney^{145b}, T. Lenz¹⁰⁵, G. Lenzen¹⁷⁵, B. Lenzi³⁰,
 K. Leonhardt⁴⁴, S. Leontsinis¹⁰, F. Lepold^{58a}, C. Leroy⁹³, J-R. Lessard¹⁶⁹, C.G. Lester²⁸,
 C.M. Lester¹²⁰, J. Levêque⁵, D. Levin⁸⁷, L.J. Levinson¹⁷², A. Lewis¹¹⁸, G.H. Lewis¹⁰⁸,
 A.M. Leyko²¹, M. Leyton¹⁶, B. Li^{33b}, B. Li⁸³, H. Li¹⁴⁸, H.L. Li³¹, S. Li^{33b,u}, X. Li⁸⁷,
 Z. Liang^{118,v}, H. Liao³⁴, B. Liberti^{133a}, P. Lichard³⁰, M. Lichtnecker⁹⁸, K. Lie¹⁶⁵, W. Liebig¹⁴,
 C. Limbach²¹, A. Limosani⁸⁶, M. Limper⁶², S.C. Lin^{151,w}, F. Linde¹⁰⁵, J.T. Linnemann⁸⁸,
 E. Lipeles¹²⁰, A. Lipniacka¹⁴, T.M. Liss¹⁶⁵, D. Lissauer²⁵, A. Lister⁴⁹, A.M. Litke¹³⁷, C. Liu²⁹,
 D. Liu¹⁵¹, H. Liu⁸⁷, J.B. Liu⁸⁷, L. Liu⁸⁷, M. Liu^{33b}, Y. Liu^{33b}, M. Livan^{119a,119b},
 S.S.A. Livermore¹¹⁸, A. Lleres⁵⁵, J. Llorente Merino⁸⁰, S.L. Lloyd⁷⁵, E. Lobodzinska⁴², P. Loch⁷,
 W.S. Lockman¹³⁷, T. Loddenkoetter²¹, F.K. Loebinger⁸², A. Loginov¹⁷⁶, C.W. Loh¹⁶⁸,
 T. Lohse¹⁶, K. Lohwasser⁴⁸, M. Lokajicek¹²⁵, V.P. Lombardo⁵, R.E. Long⁷¹, L. Lopes^{124a},
 D. Lopez Mateos⁵⁷, J. Lorenz⁹⁸, N. Lorenzo Martinez¹¹⁵, M. Losada¹⁶², P. Loscutoff¹⁵,
 F. Lo Sterzo^{132a,132b}, M.J. Losty^{159a,*}, X. Lou⁴¹, A. Lounis¹¹⁵, K.F. Loureiro¹⁶², J. Love⁶,
 P.A. Love⁷¹, A.J. Lowe^{143,g}, F. Lu^{33a}, H.J. Lubatti¹³⁸, C. Luci^{132a,132b}, A. Lucotte⁵⁵,
 A. Ludwig⁴⁴, D. Ludwig⁴², I. Ludwig⁴⁸, J. Ludwig⁴⁸, F. Luehring⁶⁰, G. Luijckx¹⁰⁵, W. Lukas⁶¹,
 L. Luminari^{132a}, E. Lund¹¹⁷, B. Lund-Jensen¹⁴⁷, B. Lundberg⁷⁹, J. Lundberg^{146a,146b},
 O. Lundberg^{146a,146b}, J. Lundquist³⁶, M. Lungwitz⁸¹, D. Lynn²⁵, E. Lytken⁷⁹, H. Ma²⁵,
 L.L. Ma¹⁷³, G. Maccarrone⁴⁷, A. Macchiolo⁹⁹, B. Maček⁷⁴, J. Machado Miguens^{124a}, D. Macina³⁰,
 R. Mackeprang³⁶, R.J. Madaras¹⁵, H.J. Maddocks⁷¹, W.F. Mader⁴⁴, R. Maenner^{58c}, T. Maeno²⁵,
 P. Mättig¹⁷⁵, S. Mättig⁴², L. Magnoni¹⁶³, E. Magradze⁵⁴, K. Mahboubi⁴⁸, J. Mahlstedt¹⁰⁵,
 S. Mahmoud⁷³, G. Mahout¹⁸, C. Maiani¹³⁶, C. Maidantchik^{24a}, A. Maio^{124a,c}, S. Majewski²⁵,
 Y. Makida⁶⁵, N. Makovec¹¹⁵, P. Mal¹³⁶, B. Malaescu³⁰, Pa. Malecki³⁹, P. Malecki³⁹,
 V.P. Maleev¹²¹, F. Malek⁵⁵, U. Mallik⁶², D. Malon⁶, C. Malone¹⁴³, S. Maltezos¹⁰,
 V. Malyshev¹⁰⁷, S. Malyukov³⁰, R. Mameghani⁹⁸, J. Mamuzic^{13b}, A. Manabe⁶⁵, L. Mandelli^{89a},
 I. Mandić⁷⁴, R. Mandrysch¹⁶, J. Maneira^{124a}, A. Manfredini⁹⁹, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho^{24b},
 J.A. Manjarres Ramos¹³⁶, A. Mann⁵⁴, P.M. Manning¹³⁷, A. Manousakis-Katsikakis⁹,
 B. Mansoulie¹³⁶, A. Mapelli³⁰, L. Mapelli³⁰, L. March¹⁶⁷, J.F. Marchand²⁹, F. Marchese^{133a,133b},
 G. Marchiori⁷⁸, M. Marcisovsky¹²⁵, C.P. Marino¹⁶⁹, F. Marroquim^{24a}, Z. Marshall³⁰,
 L.F. Marti¹⁷, S. Marti-Garcia¹⁶⁷, B. Martin³⁰, B. Martin⁸⁸, J.P. Martin⁹³, T.A. Martin¹⁸,
 V.J. Martin⁴⁶, B. Martin dit Latour⁴⁹, S. Martin-Haugh¹⁴⁹, M. Martinez¹²,

V. Martinez Outschoorn⁵⁷, A.C. Martyniuk¹⁶⁹, M. Marx⁸², F. Marzano^{132a}, A. Marzin¹¹¹, L. Masetti⁸¹, T. Mashimo¹⁵⁵, R. Mashinistov⁹⁴, J. Masik⁸², A.L. Maslennikov¹⁰⁷, I. Massa^{20a,20b}, G. Massaro¹⁰⁵, N. Massol⁵, P. Mastrandrea¹⁴⁸, A. Mastroberardino^{37a,37b}, T. Masubuchi¹⁵⁵, P. Matricon¹¹⁵, H. Matsunaga¹⁵⁵, T. Matsushita⁶⁶, C. Mattravers^{118,d}, J. Maurer⁸³, S.J. Maxfield⁷³, D.A. Maximov^{107,h}, A. Mayne¹³⁹, R. Mazini¹⁵¹, M. Mazur²¹, L. Mazzaferro^{133a,133b}, M. Mazzanti^{89a}, J. Mc Donald⁸⁵, S.P. Mc Kee⁸⁷, A. McCarn¹⁶⁵, R.L. McCarthy¹⁴⁸, T.G. McCarthy²⁹, N.A. McCubbin¹²⁹, K.W. McFarlane^{56,*}, J.A. McFayden¹³⁹, G. Mchedlidze^{51b}, T. Mclaughlan¹⁸, S.J. McMahon¹²⁹, R.A. McPherson^{169,l}, A. Meade⁸⁴, J. Mechnich¹⁰⁵, M. Mechtel¹⁷⁵, M. Medinnis⁴², S. Meehan³¹, R. Meera-Lebbai¹¹¹, T. Meguro¹¹⁶, S. Mehlhase³⁶, A. Mehta⁷³, K. Meier^{58a}, B. Meirose⁷⁹, C. Melachrinou³¹, B.R. Mellado Garcia¹⁷³, F. Meloni^{89a,89b}, L. Mendoza Navas¹⁶², Z. Meng^{151,x}, A. Mengarelli^{20a,20b}, S. Menke⁹⁹, E. Meoni¹⁶¹, K.M. Mercurio⁵⁷, P. Mermod⁴⁹, L. Merola^{102a,102b}, C. Meroni^{89a}, F.S. Merritt³¹, H. Merritt¹⁰⁹, A. Messina^{30,y}, J. Metcalfe²⁵, A.S. Mete¹⁶³, C. Meyer⁸¹, C. Meyer³¹, J-P. Meyer¹³⁶, J. Meyer¹⁷⁴, J. Meyer⁵⁴, S. Michal³⁰, L. Micu^{26a}, R.P. Middleton¹²⁹, S. Migas⁷³, L. Mijović¹³⁶, G. Mikenberg¹⁷², M. Mikesikova¹²⁵, M. Mikuž⁷⁴, D.W. Miller³¹, R.J. Miller⁸⁸, W.J. Mills¹⁶⁸, C. Mills⁵⁷, A. Milov¹⁷², D.A. Milstead^{146a,146b}, D. Milstein¹⁷², A.A. Minaenko¹²⁸, M. Miñano Moya¹⁶⁷, I.A. Minashvili⁶⁴, A.I. Mincer¹⁰⁸, B. Mindur³⁸, M. Mineev⁶⁴, Y. Ming¹⁷³, L.M. Mir¹², G. Mirabelli^{132a}, J. Mitrevski¹³⁷, V.A. Mitsou¹⁶⁷, S. Mitsui⁶⁵, P.S. Miyagawa¹³⁹, J.U. Mjörnmark⁷⁹, T. Moe^{146a,146b}, V. Moeller²⁸, K. Mönig⁴², N. Möser²¹, S. Mohapatra¹⁴⁸, W. Mohr⁴⁸, R. Moles-Valls¹⁶⁷, A. Molfetas³⁰, J. Monk⁷⁷, E. Monnier⁸³, J. Montejo Berlingen¹², F. Monticelli⁷⁰, S. Monzani^{20a,20b}, R.W. Moore³, G.F. Moorhead⁸⁶, C. Mora Herrera⁴⁹, A. Moraes⁵³, N. Morange¹³⁶, J. Morel⁵⁴, G. Morello^{37a,37b}, D. Moreno⁸¹, M. Moreno Llácer¹⁶⁷, P. Morettini^{50a}, M. Morgenstern⁴⁴, M. Morii⁵⁷, A.K. Morley³⁰, G. Mornacchi³⁰, J.D. Morris⁷⁵, L. Morvaj¹⁰¹, H.G. Moser⁹⁹, M. Mosidze^{51b}, J. Moss¹⁰⁹, R. Mount¹⁴³, E. Mountricha^{10,z}, S.V. Mouraviev^{94,*}, E.J.W. Moyses⁸⁴, F. Mueller^{58a}, J. Mueller¹²³, K. Mueller²¹, T.A. Müller⁹⁸, T. Mueller⁸¹, D. Muenstermann³⁰, Y. Munwes¹⁵³, W.J. Murray¹²⁹, I. Mussche¹⁰⁵, E. Musto¹⁵², A.G. Myagkov¹²⁸, M. Myska¹²⁵, O. Nackenhorst⁵⁴, J. Nadal¹², K. Nagai¹⁶⁰, R. Nagai¹⁵⁷, K. Nagano⁶⁵, A. Nagarkar¹⁰⁹, Y. Nagasaka⁵⁹, M. Nagel⁹⁹, A.M. Nairz³⁰, Y. Nakahama³⁰, K. Nakamura¹⁵⁵, T. Nakamura¹⁵⁵, I. Nakano¹¹⁰, G. Nanava²¹, A. Napier¹⁶¹, R. Narayan^{58b}, M. Nash^{77,d}, T. Nattermann²¹, T. Naumann⁴², G. Navarro¹⁶², H.A. Neal⁸⁷, P.Yu. Nechaeva⁹⁴, T.J. Neep⁸², A. Negri^{119a,119b}, G. Negri³⁰, M. Negrini^{20a}, S. Nektarijevic⁴⁹, A. Nelson¹⁶³, T.K. Nelson¹⁴³, S. Nemecek¹²⁵, P. Nemethy¹⁰⁸, A.A. Nepomuceno^{24a}, M. Nessi^{30,aa}, M.S. Neubauer¹⁶⁵, M. Neumann¹⁷⁵, A. Neusiedl⁸¹, R.M. Neves¹⁰⁸, P. Nevski²⁵, F.M. Newcomer¹²⁰, P.R. Newman¹⁸, V. Nguyen Thi Hong¹³⁶, R.B. Nickerson¹¹⁸, R. Nicolaidou¹³⁶, B. Niquevert³⁰, F. Niedercorn¹¹⁵, J. Nielsen¹³⁷, N. Nikiforou³⁵, A. Nikiforov¹⁶, V. Nikolaenko¹²⁸, I. Nikolic-Audit⁷⁸, K. Nikolics⁴⁹, K. Nikolopoulos¹⁸, H. Nilsen⁴⁸, P. Nilsson⁸, Y. Ninomiya¹⁵⁵, A. Nisati^{132a}, R. Nisius⁹⁹, T. Nobe¹⁵⁷, L. Nodulman⁶, M. Nomachi¹¹⁶, I. Nomidis¹⁵⁴, S. Norberg¹¹¹, M. Nordberg³⁰, P.R. Norton¹²⁹, J. Novakova¹²⁷, M. Nozaki⁶⁵, L. Nozka¹¹³, I.M. Nugent^{159a}, A.-E. Nuncio-Quiroz²¹, G. Nunes Hanninger⁸⁶, T. Nunnemann⁹⁸, E. Nurse⁷⁷, B.J. O'Brien⁴⁶, D.C. O'Neil¹⁴², V. O'Shea⁵³, L.B. Oakes⁹⁸, F.G. Oakham^{29,f}, H. Oberlack⁹⁹, J. Ocariz⁷⁸, A. Ochi⁶⁶, S. Oda⁶⁹, S. Odaka⁶⁵, J. Odier⁸³, H. Ogren⁶⁰, A. Oh⁸², S.H. Oh⁴⁵, C.C. Ohm³⁰, T. Ohshima¹⁰¹, W. Okamura¹¹⁶, H. Okawa²⁵, Y. Okumura³¹, T. Okuyama¹⁵⁵, A. Olariu^{26a}, A.G. Olchevski⁶⁴, S.A. Olivares Pino^{32a}, M. Oliveira^{124a,i}, D. Oliveira Damazio²⁵, E. Oliver Garcia¹⁶⁷, D. Olivito¹²⁰, A. Olszewski³⁹, J. Olszowska³⁹, A. Onofre^{124a,ab}, P.U.E. Onyisi³¹, C.J. Oram^{159a}, M.J. Oreglia³¹, Y. Oren¹⁵³, D. Orestano^{134a,134b}, N. Orlando^{72a,72b}, I. Orlov¹⁰⁷, C. Oropeza Barrera⁵³, R.S. Orr¹⁵⁸, B. Osculati^{50a,50b}, R. Ospanov¹²⁰, C. Osuna¹², G. Otero y Garzon²⁷, J.P. Ottersbach¹⁰⁵, M. Ouchrif^{135d}, E.A. Ouellette¹⁶⁹, F. Ould-Saada¹¹⁷, A. Ouraou¹³⁶, Q. Ouyang^{33a},

A. Ovcharova¹⁵, M. Owen⁸², S. Owen¹³⁹, V.E. Ozcan^{19a}, N. Ozturk⁸, A. Pacheco Pages¹²,
 C. Padilla Aranda¹², S. Pagan Griso¹⁵, E. Paganis¹³⁹, C. Pahl⁹⁹, F. Paige²⁵, P. Pais⁸⁴,
 K. Pajchel¹¹⁷, G. Palacino^{159b}, C.P. Palestini⁷, S. Palestini³⁰, D. Pallin³⁴, A. Palma^{124a},
 J.D. Palmer¹⁸, Y.B. Pan¹⁷³, E. Panagiotopoulou¹⁰, J.G. Panduro Vazquez⁷⁶, P. Pani¹⁰⁵,
 N. Panikashvili⁸⁷, S. Panitkin²⁵, D. Pantea^{26a}, A. Papadelis^{146a}, Th.D. Papadopoulou¹⁰,
 A. Paramonov⁶, D. Paredes Hernandez³⁴, W. Park^{25,ac}, M.A. Parker²⁸, F. Parodi^{50a,50b},
 J.A. Parsons³⁵, U. Parzefall⁴⁸, S. Pashapour⁵⁴, E. Pasqualucci^{132a}, S. Passaggio^{50a}, A. Passeri^{134a},
 F. Pastore^{134a,134b,*}, Fr. Pastore⁷⁶, G. Pásztor^{49,ad}, S. Pataraiia¹⁷⁵, N. Patel¹⁵⁰, J.R. Pater⁸²,
 S. Patricelli^{102a,102b}, T. Pauly³⁰, M. Pecszy^{144a}, S. Pedraza Lopez¹⁶⁷, M.I. Pedraza Morales¹⁷³,
 S.V. Peleganchuk¹⁰⁷, D. Pelikan¹⁶⁶, H. Peng^{33b}, B. Penning³¹, A. Penson³⁵, J. Penwell⁶⁰,
 M. Perantoni^{24a}, K. Perez^{35,ae}, T. Perez Cavalcanti⁴², E. Perez Codina^{159a},
 M.T. Pérez García-Estañ¹⁶⁷, V. Perez Reale³⁵, L. Perini^{89a,89b}, H. Pernegger³⁰, R. Perrino^{72a},
 P. Perrodou⁵, V.D. Peshekhonov⁶⁴, K. Peters³⁰, B.A. Petersen³⁰, J. Petersen³⁰, T.C. Petersen³⁶,
 E. Petit⁵, A. Petridis¹⁵⁴, C. Petridou¹⁵⁴, E. Petrolo^{132a}, F. Petrucci^{134a,134b}, D. Petschull⁴²,
 M. Petteni¹⁴², R. Pezoa^{32b}, A. Phan⁸⁶, P.W. Phillips¹²⁹, G. Piacquadio³⁰, A. Picazio⁴⁹,
 E. Piccaro⁷⁵, M. Piccinini^{20a,20b}, S.M. Piec⁴², R. Piegaiia²⁷, D.T. Pignotti¹⁰⁹, J.E. Pilcher³¹,
 A.D. Pilkington⁸², J. Pina^{124a,c}, M. Pinamonti^{164a,164c}, A. Pinder¹¹⁸, J.L. Pinfold³, B. Pinto^{124a},
 C. Pizio^{89a,89b}, M. Plamondon¹⁶⁹, M.-A. Pleier²⁵, E. Plotnikova⁶⁴, A. Poblaguev²⁵, S. Poddar^{58a},
 F. Podlyski³⁴, L. Poggioli¹¹⁵, D. Pohl²¹, M. Pohl⁴⁹, G. Polesello^{119a}, A. Policicchio^{37a,37b},
 A. Polini^{20a}, J. Poll⁷⁵, V. Polychronakos²⁵, D. Pomeroy²³, K. Pommès³⁰, L. Pontecorvo^{132a},
 B.G. Pope⁸⁸, G.A. Popeneciu^{26a}, D.S. Popovic^{13a}, A. Poppleton³⁰, X. Portell Bueso³⁰,
 G.E. Pospelov⁹⁹, S. Pospisil¹²⁶, I.N. Potrap⁹⁹, C.J. Potter¹⁴⁹, C.T. Potter¹¹⁴, G. Poulard³⁰,
 J. Poveda⁶⁰, V. Pozdnyakov⁶⁴, R. Prabhu⁷⁷, P. Pralavorio⁸³, A. Pranko¹⁵, S. Prasad³⁰,
 R. Pravahan²⁵, S. Prell⁶³, K. Pretzl¹⁷, D. Price⁶⁰, J. Price⁷³, L.E. Price⁶, D. Prieur¹²³,
 M. Primavera^{72a}, K. Prokofiev¹⁰⁸, F. Prokoshin^{32b}, S. Protopopescu²⁵, J. Proudfoot⁶,
 X. Prudent⁴⁴, M. Przybycien³⁸, H. Przysiezniak⁵, S. Psoroulas²¹, E. Ptacek¹¹⁴, E. Pueschel⁸⁴,
 J. Purdham⁸⁷, M. Purohit^{25,ac}, P. Puzo¹¹⁵, Y. Pylypchenko⁶², J. Qian⁸⁷, A. Quadt⁵⁴,
 D.R. Quarrie¹⁵, W.B. Quayle¹⁷³, F. Quinonez^{32a}, M. Raas¹⁰⁴, V. Radeka²⁵, V. Radescu⁴²,
 P. Radloff¹¹⁴, F. Ragusa^{89a,89b}, G. Rahal¹⁷⁸, A.M. Rahimi¹⁰⁹, D. Rahm²⁵, S. Rajagopalan²⁵,
 M. Rammensee⁴⁸, M. Rammes¹⁴¹, A.S. Randle-Conde⁴⁰, K. Randrianarivony²⁹, F. Rauscher⁹⁸,
 T.C. Rave⁴⁸, M. Raymond³⁰, A.L. Read¹¹⁷, D.M. Rebutti^{119a,119b}, A. Redelbach¹⁷⁴,
 G. Redlinger²⁵, R. Reece¹²⁰, K. Reeves⁴¹, A. Reinsch¹¹⁴, I. Reisinger⁴³, C. Rembser³⁰,
 Z.L. Ren¹⁵¹, A. Renaud¹¹⁵, M. Rescigno^{132a}, S. Resconi^{89a}, B. Resende¹³⁶, P. Reznicek⁹⁸,
 R. Rezvani¹⁵⁸, R. Richter⁹⁹, E. Richter-Was^{5,af}, M. Ridel⁷⁸, M. Rijpstra¹⁰⁵, M. Rijssenbeek¹⁴⁸,
 A. Rimoldi^{119a,119b}, L. Rinaldi^{20a}, R.R. Rios⁴⁰, I. Riu¹², G. Rivoltella^{89a,89b}, F. Rizatdinova¹¹²,
 E. Rizvi⁷⁵, S.H. Robertson^{85,l}, A. Robichaud-Veronneau¹¹⁸, D. Robinson²⁸, J.E.M. Robinson⁸²,
 A. Robson⁵³, J.G. Rocha de Lima¹⁰⁶, C. Roda^{122a,122b}, D. Roda Dos Santos³⁰, A. Roe⁵⁴,
 S. Roe³⁰, O. Røhne¹¹⁷, S. Rolli¹⁶¹, A. Romaniouk⁹⁶, M. Romano^{20a,20b}, G. Romeo²⁷,
 E. Romero Adam¹⁶⁷, N. Rompotis¹³⁸, L. Roos⁷⁸, E. Ros¹⁶⁷, S. Rosati^{132a}, K. Rosbach⁴⁹,
 A. Rose¹⁴⁹, M. Rose⁷⁶, G.A. Rosenbaum¹⁵⁸, E.I. Rosenberg⁶³, P.L. Rosendahl¹⁴, O. Rosenthal¹⁴¹,
 L. Rosselet⁴⁹, V. Rossetti¹², E. Rossi^{132a,132b}, L.P. Rossi^{50a}, M. Rotaru^{26a}, I. Roth¹⁷²,
 J. Rothberg¹³⁸, D. Rousseau¹¹⁵, C.R. Royon¹³⁶, A. Rozanov⁸³, Y. Rozen¹⁵², X. Ruan^{33a,ag},
 F. Rubbo¹², I. Rubinskiy⁴², N. Ruckstuhl¹⁰⁵, V.I. Rud⁹⁷, C. Rudolph⁴⁴, G. Rudolph⁶¹, F. Rühr⁷,
 A. Ruiz-Martinez⁶³, L. Rummyantsev⁶⁴, Z. Rurikova⁴⁸, N.A. Rusakovich⁶⁴, A. Ruschke⁹⁸,
 J.P. Rutherford⁷, P. Ruzicka¹²⁵, Y.F. Ryabov¹²¹, M. Rybar¹²⁷, G. Rybkin¹¹⁵, N.C. Ryder¹¹⁸,
 A.F. Saavedra¹⁵⁰, I. Sadeh¹⁵³, H.F.W. Sadrozinski¹³⁷, R. Sadykov⁶⁴, F. Safai Tehrani^{132a},
 H. Sakamoto¹⁵⁵, G. Salamanna⁷⁵, A. Salamon^{133a}, M. Saleem¹¹¹, D. Salek³⁰, D. Salihagic⁹⁹,
 A. Salnikov¹⁴³, J. Salt¹⁶⁷, B.M. Salvachua Ferrando⁶, D. Salvatore^{37a,37b}, F. Salvatore¹⁴⁹,

A. Salvucci¹⁰⁴, A. Salzburger³⁰, D. Sampsonidis¹⁵⁴, B.H. Samset¹¹⁷, A. Sanchez^{102a,102b},
 V. Sanchez Martinez¹⁶⁷, H. Sandaker¹⁴, H.G. Sander⁸¹, M.P. Sanders⁹⁸, M. Sandhoff¹⁷⁵,
 T. Sandoval²⁸, C. Sandoval¹⁶², R. Sandstroem⁹⁹, D.P.C. Sankey¹²⁹, A. Sansoni⁴⁷,
 C. Santamarina Rios⁸⁵, C. Santoni³⁴, R. Santonico^{133a,133b}, H. Santos^{124a}, I. Santoyo Castillo¹⁴⁹,
 J.G. Saraiva^{124a}, T. Sarangi¹⁷³, E. Sarkisyan-Grinbaum⁸, B. Sarrazin²¹, F. Sarri^{122a,122b},
 G. Sartisohn¹⁷⁵, O. Sasaki⁶⁵, Y. Sasaki¹⁵⁵, N. Sasao⁶⁷, I. Satsounkevitch⁹⁰, G. Sauvage^{5,*},
 E. Sauvan⁵, J.B. Sauvan¹¹⁵, P. Savard^{158,f}, V. Savinov¹²³, D.O. Savu³⁰, L. Sawyer^{25,n},
 D.H. Saxon⁵³, J. Saxon¹²⁰, C. Sbarra^{20a}, A. Sbrizzi^{20a,20b}, D.A. Scannicchio¹⁶³, M. Scarcella¹⁵⁰,
 J. Schaarschmidt¹¹⁵, P. Schacht⁹⁹, D. Schaefer¹²⁰, U. Schäfer⁸¹, A. Schaelicke⁴⁶, S. Schaepe²¹,
 S. Schaetzel^{58b}, A.C. Schaffer¹¹⁵, D. Schaile⁹⁸, R.D. Schamberger¹⁴⁸, A.G. Schamov¹⁰⁷,
 V. Scharf^{58a}, V.A. Schegelsky¹²¹, D. Scheirich⁸⁷, M. Schernau¹⁶³, M.I. Scherzer³⁵,
 C. Schiavi^{50a,50b}, J. Schieck⁹⁸, M. Schioppa^{37a,37b}, S. Schlenker³⁰, E. Schmidt⁴⁸, K. Schmieden²¹,
 C. Schmitt⁸¹, S. Schmitt^{58b}, B. Schneider¹⁷, U. Schnoor⁴⁴, L. Schoeffel¹³⁶, A. Schoening^{58b},
 A.L.S. Schorlemmer⁵⁴, M. Schott³⁰, D. Schouten^{159a}, J. Schovancova¹²⁵, M. Schram⁸⁵,
 C. Schroeder⁸¹, N. Schroer^{58c}, M.J. Schultens²¹, J. Schultes¹⁷⁵, H.-C. Schultz-Coulon^{58a},
 H. Schulz¹⁶, M. Schumacher⁴⁸, B.A. Schumm¹³⁷, Ph. Schune¹³⁶, C. Schwanenberger⁸²,
 A. Schwartzman¹⁴³, Ph. Schwegler⁹⁹, Ph. Schwemling⁷⁸, R. Schwienhorst⁸⁸, R. Schwierz⁴⁴,
 J. Schwindling¹³⁶, T. Schwindt²¹, M. Schwoerer⁵, F.G. Sciacca¹⁷, G. Sciolla²³, W.G. Scott¹²⁹,
 J. Searcy¹¹⁴, G. Sedov⁴², E. Sedykh¹²¹, S.C. Seidel¹⁰³, A. Seiden¹³⁷, F. Seifert⁴⁴, J.M. Seixas^{24a},
 G. Sekhniaidze^{102a}, S.J. Sekula⁴⁰, K.E. Selbach⁴⁶, D.M. Seliverstov¹²¹, B. Sellden^{146a},
 G. Sellers⁷³, M. Seman^{144b}, N. Semprini-Cesari^{20a,20b}, C. Serfon⁹⁸, L. Serin¹¹⁵, L. Serkin⁵⁴,
 R. Seuster^{159a}, H. Severini¹¹¹, A. Sfyrla³⁰, E. Shabalina⁵⁴, M. Shamim¹¹⁴, L.Y. Shan^{33a},
 J.T. Shank²², Q.T. Shao⁸⁶, M. Shapiro¹⁵, P.B. Shatalov⁹⁵, K. Shaw^{164a,164c}, D. Sherman¹⁷⁶,
 P. Sherwood⁷⁷, S. Shimizu¹⁰¹, M. Shimojima¹⁰⁰, T. Shin⁵⁶, M. Shiyakova⁶⁴, A. Shmeleva⁹⁴,
 M.J. Shochet³¹, D. Short¹¹⁸, S. Shrestha⁶³, E. Shulga⁹⁶, M.A. Shupe⁷, P. Sicho¹²⁵, A. Sidoti^{132a},
 F. Siegert⁴⁸, Dj. Sijacki^{13a}, O. Silbert¹⁷², J. Silva^{124a}, Y. Silver¹⁵³, D. Silverstein¹⁴³,
 S.B. Silverstein^{146a}, V. Simak¹²⁶, O. Simard¹³⁶, Lj. Simic^{13a}, S. Simion¹¹⁵, E. Simioni⁸¹,
 B. Simmons⁷⁷, R. Simoniello^{89a,89b}, M. Simonyan³⁶, P. Sinervo¹⁵⁸, N.B. Sinev¹¹⁴, V. Sipica¹⁴¹,
 G. Siragusa¹⁷⁴, A. Sircar²⁵, A.N. Sisakyan^{64,*}, S.Yu. Sivoklokov⁹⁷, J. Sjölin^{146a,146b},
 T.B. Sjurzen¹⁴, L.A. Skinnari¹⁵, H.P. Skottowe⁵⁷, K. Skovpen¹⁰⁷, P. Skubic¹¹¹, M. Slater¹⁸,
 T. Slavicek¹²⁶, K. Sliwa¹⁶¹, V. Smakhtin¹⁷², B.H. Smart⁴⁶, L. Smestad¹¹⁷, S.Yu. Smirnov⁹⁶,
 Y. Smirnov⁹⁶, L.N. Smirnova⁹⁷, O. Smirnova⁷⁹, B.C. Smith⁵⁷, D. Smith¹⁴³, K.M. Smith⁵³,
 M. Smizanska⁷¹, K. Smolek¹²⁶, A.A. Snesev⁹⁴, S.W. Snow⁸², J. Snow¹¹¹, S. Snyder²⁵,
 R. Sobie^{169,l}, J. Sodomka¹²⁶, A. Soffer¹⁵³, C.A. Solans¹⁶⁷, M. Solar¹²⁶, J. Solc¹²⁶,
 E.Yu. Soldatov⁹⁶, U. Soldevila¹⁶⁷, E. Solfaroli Camillocci^{132a,132b}, A.A. Solodkov¹²⁸,
 O.V. Solovyanov¹²⁸, V. Solovyev¹²¹, N. Soni¹, A. Sood¹⁵, V. Sopko¹²⁶, B. Sopko¹²⁶, M. Sosebee⁸,
 R. Soualah^{164a,164c}, A. Soukharev¹⁰⁷, S. Spagnolo^{72a,72b}, F. Spanò⁷⁶, R. Spighi^{20a}, G. Spigo³⁰,
 R. Spiwok³⁰, M. Spousta^{127,ah}, T. Spreitzer¹⁵⁸, B. Spurlock⁸, R.D. St. Denis⁵³, J. Stahlman¹²⁰,
 R. Stamen^{58a}, E. Stanecka³⁹, R.W. Stanek⁶, C. Stanescu^{134a}, M. Stanescu-Bellu⁴²,
 M.M. Stanitzki⁴², S. Stapnes¹¹⁷, E.A. Starchenko¹²⁸, J. Stark⁵⁵, P. Staroba¹²⁵, P. Starovoitov⁴²,
 R. Staszewski³⁹, A. Staude⁹⁸, P. Stavina^{144a,*}, G. Steele⁵³, P. Steinbach⁴⁴, P. Steinberg²⁵,
 I. Stekl¹²⁶, B. Stelzer¹⁴², H.J. Stelzer⁸⁸, O. Stelzer-Chilton^{159a}, H. Stenzel⁵², S. Stern⁹⁹,
 G.A. Stewart³⁰, J.A. Stillings²¹, M.C. Stockton⁸⁵, K. Stoerig⁴⁸, G. Stoicea^{26a}, S. Stonjek⁹⁹,
 P. Strachota¹²⁷, A.R. Stradling⁸, A. Straessner⁴⁴, J. Strandberg¹⁴⁷, S. Strandberg^{146a,146b},
 A. Strandlie¹¹⁷, M. Strang¹⁰⁹, E. Strauss¹⁴³, M. Strauss¹¹¹, P. Strizenc^{144b}, R. Ströhmer¹⁷⁴,
 D.M. Strom¹¹⁴, J.A. Strong^{76,*}, R. Stroynowski⁴⁰, B. Stugu¹⁴, I. Stumer^{25,*}, J. Stupak¹⁴⁸,
 P. Sturm¹⁷⁵, N.A. Styles⁴², D.A. Soh^{151,v}, D. Su¹⁴³, HS. Subramania³, R. Subramaniam²⁵,
 A. Succurro¹², Y. Sugaya¹¹⁶, C. Suhr¹⁰⁶, M. Suk¹²⁷, V.V. Sulim⁹⁴, S. Sultansoy^{4d}, T. Sumida⁶⁷,

X. Sun⁵⁵, J.E. Sundermann⁴⁸, K. Suruliz¹³⁹, G. Susinno^{37a,37b}, M.R. Sutton¹⁴⁹, Y. Suzuki⁶⁵, Y. Suzuki⁶⁶, M. Svatos¹²⁵, S. Swedish¹⁶⁸, I. Sykora^{144a}, T. Sykora¹²⁷, J. Sánchez¹⁶⁷, D. Ta¹⁰⁵, K. Tackmann⁴², A. Taffard¹⁶³, R. Tafirout^{159a}, N. Taiblum¹⁵³, Y. Takahashi¹⁰¹, H. Takai²⁵, R. Takashima⁶⁸, H. Takeda⁶⁶, T. Takeshita¹⁴⁰, Y. Takubo⁶⁵, M. Talby⁸³, A. Talyshv^{107,h}, M.C. Tamsett²⁵, K.G. Tan⁸⁶, J. Tanaka¹⁵⁵, R. Tanaka¹¹⁵, S. Tanaka¹³¹, S. Tanaka⁶⁵, A.J. Tanasijczuk¹⁴², K. Tani⁶⁶, N. Tannoury⁸³, S. Tapprogge⁸¹, D. Tardif¹⁵⁸, S. Tarem¹⁵², F. Tarrade²⁹, G.F. Tartarelli^{89a}, P. Tas¹²⁷, M. Tasevsky¹²⁵, E. Tassi^{37a,37b}, Y. Tayalati^{135d}, C. Taylor⁷⁷, F.E. Taylor⁹², G.N. Taylor⁸⁶, W. Taylor^{159b}, M. Teinturier¹¹⁵, F.A. Teischinger³⁰, M. Teixeira Dias Castanheira⁷⁵, P. Teixeira-Dias⁷⁶, K.K. Temming⁴⁸, H. Ten Kate³⁰, P.K. Teng¹⁵¹, S. Terada⁶⁵, K. Terashi¹⁵⁵, J. Terron⁸⁰, M. Testa⁴⁷, R.J. Teuscher^{158,l}, J. Therhaag²¹, T. Theveneaux-Pelzer⁷⁸, S. Thoma⁴⁸, J.P. Thomas¹⁸, E.N. Thompson³⁵, P.D. Thompson¹⁸, P.D. Thompson¹⁵⁸, A.S. Thompson⁵³, L.A. Thomsen³⁶, E. Thomson¹²⁰, M. Thomson²⁸, W.M. Thong⁸⁶, R.P. Thun⁸⁷, F. Tian³⁵, M.J. Tibbetts¹⁵, T. Tic¹²⁵, V.O. Tikhomirov⁹⁴, Y.A. Tikhonov^{107,h}, S. Timoshenko⁹⁶, E. Tiouchichine⁸³, P. Tipton¹⁷⁶, S. Tisserant⁸³, T. Todorov⁵, S. Todorova-Nova¹⁶¹, B. Toggerson¹⁶³, J. Tojo⁶⁹, S. Tokár^{144a}, K. Tokushuku⁶⁵, K. Tollefson⁸⁸, M. Tomoto¹⁰¹, L. Tompkins³¹, K. Toms¹⁰³, A. Tonoyan¹⁴, C. Topfel¹⁷, N.D. Topilin⁶⁴, E. Torrence¹¹⁴, H. Torres⁷⁸, E. Torró Pastor¹⁶⁷, J. Toth^{83,ad}, F. Touchard⁸³, D.R. Tovey¹³⁹, T. Trefzger¹⁷⁴, L. Tremblet³⁰, A. Tricoli³⁰, I.M. Trigger^{159a}, S. Trincaz-Duvoid⁷⁸, M.F. Tripiana⁷⁰, N. Triplett²⁵, W. Trischuk¹⁵⁸, B. Trocmé⁵⁵, C. Troncon^{89a}, M. Trottier-McDonald¹⁴², P. True⁸⁸, M. Trzebinski³⁹, A. Trzupek³⁹, C. Tsarouchas³⁰, J.C-L. Tseng¹¹⁸, M. Tsiakiris¹⁰⁵, P.V. Tsiareshka⁹⁰, D. Tsionou^{5,ai}, G. Tsipolitis¹⁰, S. Tsiskaridze¹², V. Tsiskaridze⁴⁸, E.G. Tskhadadze^{51a}, I.I. Tsukerman⁹⁵, V. Tsulaia¹⁵, J.-W. Tsung²¹, S. Tsuno⁶⁵, D. Tsybychev¹⁴⁸, A. Tua¹³⁹, A. Tudorache^{26a}, V. Tudorache^{26a}, J.M. Tuggle³¹, M. Turala³⁹, D. Turecek¹²⁶, I. Turk Cakir^{4e}, E. Turlay¹⁰⁵, R. Turra^{89a,89b}, P.M. Tuts³⁵, A. Tykhonov⁷⁴, M. Tylmad^{146a,146b}, M. Tyndel¹²⁹, G. Tzanakos⁹, K. Uchida²¹, I. Ueda¹⁵⁵, R. Ueno²⁹, M. Ugland¹⁴, M. Uhlenbrock²¹, M. Uhrmacher⁵⁴, F. Ukegawa¹⁶⁰, G. Unal³⁰, A. Undrus²⁵, G. Unel¹⁶³, Y. Unno⁶⁵, D. Urbaniec³⁵, P. Urquijo²¹, G. Usai⁸, M. Uslenghi^{119a,119b}, L. Vacavant⁸³, V. Vacek¹²⁶, B. Vachon⁸⁵, S. Vahsen¹⁵, J. Valenta¹²⁵, S. Valentineti^{20a,20b}, A. Valero¹⁶⁷, S. Valkar¹²⁷, E. Valladolid Gallego¹⁶⁷, S. Vallecorsa¹⁵², J.A. Valls Ferrer¹⁶⁷, R. Van Berg¹²⁰, P.C. Van Der Deijl¹⁰⁵, R. van der Geer¹⁰⁵, H. van der Graaf¹⁰⁵, R. Van Der Leeuw¹⁰⁵, E. van der Poel¹⁰⁵, D. van der Ster³⁰, N. van Eldik³⁰, P. van Gemmeren⁶, I. van Vulpen¹⁰⁵, M. Vanadia⁹⁹, W. Vandelli³⁰, A. Vaniachine⁶, P. Vankov⁴², F. Vannucci⁷⁸, R. Vari^{132a}, E.W. Varnes⁷, T. Varol⁸⁴, D. Varouchas¹⁵, A. Vartapetian⁸, K.E. Varvell¹⁵⁰, V.I. Vassilakopoulos⁵⁶, F. Vazeille³⁴, T. Vazquez Schroeder⁵⁴, G. Vegni^{89a,89b}, J.J. Veillet¹¹⁵, F. Veloso^{124a}, R. Veness³⁰, S. Veneziano^{132a}, A. Ventura^{72a,72b}, D. Ventura⁸⁴, M. Venturi⁴⁸, N. Venturi¹⁵⁸, V. Vercesi^{119a}, M. Verducci¹³⁸, W. Verkerke¹⁰⁵, J.C. Vermeulen¹⁰⁵, A. Vest⁴⁴, M.C. Vetterli^{142,f}, I. Vichou¹⁶⁵, T. Vickey^{145b,aj}, O.E. Vickey Boeriu^{145b}, G.H.A. Viehhauser¹¹⁸, S. Viel¹⁶⁸, M. Villa^{20a,20b}, M. Villaplana Perez¹⁶⁷, E. Vilucchi⁴⁷, M.G. Vincter²⁹, E. Vinek³⁰, V.B. Vinogradov⁶⁴, M. Virchaux^{136,*}, J. Virzi¹⁵, O. Vitells¹⁷², M. Viti⁴², I. Vivarelli⁴⁸, F. Vives Vaque³, S. Vlachos¹⁰, D. Vladoiu⁹⁸, M. Vlasak¹²⁶, A. Vogel²¹, P. Vokac¹²⁶, G. Volpi⁴⁷, M. Volpi⁸⁶, G. Volpini^{89a}, H. von der Schmitt⁹⁹, H. von Radziewski⁴⁸, E. von Toerne²¹, V. Vorobel¹²⁷, V. Vorwerk¹², M. Vos¹⁶⁷, R. Voss³⁰, J.H. Vossebeld⁷³, N. Vranjes¹³⁶, M. Vranjes Milosavljevic¹⁰⁵, V. Vrba¹²⁵, M. Vreeswijk¹⁰⁵, T. Vu Anh⁴⁸, R. Vuillermet³⁰, I. Vukotic³¹, W. Wagner¹⁷⁵, P. Wagner¹²⁰, H. Wahlen¹⁷⁵, S. Wahrenmund⁴⁴, J. Wakabayashi¹⁰¹, S. Walch⁸⁷, J. Walder⁷¹, R. Walker⁹⁸, W. Walkowiak¹⁴¹, R. Wall¹⁷⁶, P. Waller⁷³, B. Walsh¹⁷⁶, C. Wang⁴⁵, H. Wang¹⁷³, H. Wang⁴⁰, J. Wang¹⁵¹, J. Wang^{33a}, R. Wang¹⁰³, S.M. Wang¹⁵¹, T. Wang²¹, A. Warburton⁸⁵, C.P. Ward²⁸, D.R. Wardrope⁷⁷, M. Warsinsky⁴⁸, A. Washbrook⁴⁶, C. Wasicki⁴², I. Watanabe⁶⁶, P.M. Watkins¹⁸, A.T. Watson¹⁸,

I.J. Watson¹⁵⁰, M.F. Watson¹⁸, G. Watts¹³⁸, S. Watts⁸², A.T. Waugh¹⁵⁰, B.M. Waugh⁷⁷, M.S. Weber¹⁷, J.S. Webster³¹, A.R. Weidberg¹¹⁸, P. Weigell⁹⁹, J. Weingarten⁵⁴, C. Weiser⁴⁸, P.S. Wells³⁰, T. Wenaus²⁵, D. Wendland¹⁶, Z. Weng^{151,v}, T. Wengler³⁰, S. Wenig³⁰, N. Wermes²¹, M. Werner⁴⁸, P. Werner³⁰, M. Werth¹⁶³, M. Wessels^{58a}, J. Wetter¹⁶¹, C. Weydert⁵⁵, K. Whalen²⁹, A. White⁸, M.J. White⁸⁶, S. White^{122a,122b}, S.R. Whitehead¹¹⁸, D. Whiteson¹⁶³, D. Whittington⁶⁰, F. Wicek¹¹⁵, D. Wicke¹⁷⁵, F.J. Wickens¹²⁹, W. Wiedenmann¹⁷³, M. Wielers¹²⁹, P. Wienemann²¹, C. Wiglesworth⁷⁵, L.A.M. Wiik-Fuchs²¹, P.A. Wijeratne⁷⁷, A. Wildauer⁹⁹, M.A. Wildt^{42,s}, I. Wilhelm¹²⁷, H.G. Wilkens³⁰, J.Z. Will⁹⁸, E. Williams³⁵, H.H. Williams¹²⁰, W. Willis³⁵, S. Willocq⁸⁴, J.A. Wilson¹⁸, M.G. Wilson¹⁴³, A. Wilson⁸⁷, I. Wingerter-Seez⁵, S. Winkelmann⁴⁸, F. Winklmeier³⁰, M. Wittgen¹⁴³, S.J. Wollstadt⁸¹, M.W. Wolter³⁹, H. Wolters^{124a,i}, W.C. Wong⁴¹, G. Wooden⁸⁷, B.K. Wosiek³⁹, J. Wotschack³⁰, M.J. Woudstra⁸², K.W. Wozniak³⁹, K. Wraight⁵³, M. Wright⁵³, B. Wrona⁷³, S.L. Wu¹⁷³, X. Wu⁴⁹, Y. Wu^{33b,ak}, E. Wulf³⁵, B.M. Wynne⁴⁶, S. Xella³⁶, M. Xiao¹³⁶, S. Xie⁴⁸, C. Xu^{33b,z}, D. Xu¹³⁹, L. Xu^{33b}, B. Yabsley¹⁵⁰, S. Yacoob^{145a,al}, M. Yamada⁶⁵, H. Yamaguchi¹⁵⁵, A. Yamamoto⁶⁵, K. Yamamoto⁶³, S. Yamamoto¹⁵⁵, T. Yamamura¹⁵⁵, T. Yamanaka¹⁵⁵, T. Yamazaki¹⁵⁵, Y. Yamazaki⁶⁶, Z. Yan²², H. Yang⁸⁷, U.K. Yang⁸², Y. Yang¹⁰⁹, Z. Yang^{146a,146b}, S. Yanush⁹¹, L. Yao^{33a}, Y. Yao¹⁵, Y. Yasu⁶⁵, G.V. Ybeles Smit¹³⁰, J. Ye⁴⁰, S. Ye²⁵, M. Yilmaz^{4c}, R. Yoosoofmiya¹²³, K. Yorita¹⁷¹, R. Yoshida⁶, K. Yoshihara¹⁵⁵, C. Young¹⁴³, C.J. Young¹¹⁸, S. Youssef²², D. Yu²⁵, D.R. Yu¹⁵, J. Yu⁸, J. Yu¹¹², L. Yuan⁶⁶, A. Yurkewicz¹⁰⁶, B. Zabinski³⁹, R. Zaidan⁶², A.M. Zaitsev¹²⁸, Z. Zajacova³⁰, L. Zanello^{132a,132b}, D. Zanzi⁹⁹, A. Zaytsev²⁵, C. Zeitnitz¹⁷⁵, M. Zeman¹²⁶, A. Zemla³⁹, C. Zender²¹, O. Zenin¹²⁸, T. Ženiš^{144a}, Z. Zinonos^{122a,122b}, D. Zerwas¹¹⁵, G. Zevi della Porta⁵⁷, D. Zhang^{33b,am}, H. Zhang⁸⁸, J. Zhang⁶, X. Zhang^{33d}, Z. Zhang¹¹⁵, L. Zhao¹⁰⁸, Z. Zhao^{33b}, A. Zhemchugov⁶⁴, J. Zhong¹¹⁸, B. Zhou⁸⁷, N. Zhou¹⁶³, Y. Zhou¹⁵¹, C.G. Zhu^{33d}, H. Zhu⁴², J. Zhu⁸⁷, Y. Zhu^{33b}, X. Zhuang⁹⁸, V. Zhuravlov⁹⁹, A. Zibell⁹⁸, D. Zieminska⁶⁰, N.I. Zimin⁶⁴, R. Zimmermann²¹, S. Zimmermann²¹, S. Zimmermann⁴⁸, M. Ziolkowski¹⁴¹, R. Zitoun⁵, L. Živković³⁵, V.V. Zmouchko^{128,*}, G. Zobernig¹⁷³, A. Zoccoli^{20a,20b}, M. zur Nedden¹⁶, V. Zutshi¹⁰⁶, L. Zwalinski³⁰.

¹ School of Chemistry and Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia

² Physics Department, SUNY Albany, Albany NY, United States of America

³ Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton AB, Canada

⁴ (a) Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; (b) Department of Physics, Dumlupinar University, Kutahya; (c) Department of Physics, Gazi University, Ankara; (d) Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara; (e) Turkish Atomic Energy Authority, Ankara, Turkey

⁵ LAPP, CNRS/IN2P3 and Université de Savoie, Annecy-le-Vieux, France

⁶ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne IL, United States of America

⁷ Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson AZ, United States of America

⁸ Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington TX, United States of America

⁹ Physics Department, University of Athens, Athens, Greece

¹⁰ Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece

¹¹ Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan

¹² Institut de Física d'Altes Energies and Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona and ICREA, Barcelona, Spain

¹³ (a) Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade; (b) Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

¹⁴ Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway

¹⁵ Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley CA, United States of America

- ¹⁶ *Department of Physics, Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany*
- ¹⁷ *Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland*
- ¹⁸ *School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom*
- ¹⁹ ^(a) *Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul;* ^(b) *Division of Physics, Dogus University, Istanbul;* ^(c) *Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep;* ^(d) *Department of Physics, Istanbul Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey*
- ²⁰ ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Bologna;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy*
- ²¹ *Physikalisches Institut, University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany*
- ²² *Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston MA, United States of America*
- ²³ *Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham MA, United States of America*
- ²⁴ ^(a) *Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro;* ^(b) *Federal University of Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora;* ^(c) *Federal University of Sao Joao del Rei (UFSJ), Sao Joao del Rei;* ^(d) *Instituto de Fisica, Universidade de Sao Paulo, Sao Paulo, Brazil*
- ²⁵ *Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton NY, United States of America*
- ²⁶ ^(a) *National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest;* ^(b) *University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest;* ^(c) *West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania*
- ²⁷ *Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina*
- ²⁸ *Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom*
- ²⁹ *Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa ON, Canada*
- ³⁰ *CERN, Geneva, Switzerland*
- ³¹ *Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago IL, United States of America*
- ³² ^(a) *Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago;* ^(b) *Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile*
- ³³ ^(a) *Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing;* ^(b) *Department of Modern Physics, University of Science and Technology of China, Anhui;* ^(c) *Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu;* ^(d) *School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong;* ^(e) *Physics Department, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, China*
- ³⁴ *Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire, Clermont Université and Université Blaise Pascal and CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France*
- ³⁵ *Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington NY, United States of America*
- ³⁶ *Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Kobenhavn, Denmark*
- ³⁷ ^(a) *INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Arcavata di Rende, Italy*
- ³⁸ *AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow, Poland*
- ³⁹ *The Henryk Niewodniczanski Institute of Nuclear Physics, Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland*
- ⁴⁰ *Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas TX, United States of America*
- ⁴¹ *Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson TX, United States of America*
- ⁴² *DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany*
- ⁴³ *Institut für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany*
- ⁴⁴ *Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technical University Dresden, Dresden, Germany*
- ⁴⁵ *Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham NC, United States of America*
- ⁴⁶ *SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom*
- ⁴⁷ *INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy*
- ⁴⁸ *Fakultät für Mathematik und Physik, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg, Germany*
- ⁴⁹ *Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland*
- ⁵⁰ ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Genova;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova, Italy*
- ⁵¹ ^(a) *E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi;*
^(b) *High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia*
- ⁵² *II Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany*

- 53 *SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom*
54 *II Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität, Göttingen, Germany*
55 *Laboratoire de Physique Subatomique et de Cosmologie, Université Joseph Fourier and*
CNRS/IN2P3 and Institut National Polytechnique de Grenoble, Grenoble, France
56 *Department of Physics, Hampton University, Hampton VA, United States of America*
57 *Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge MA, United States*
of America
58 ^(a) *Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg;*
^(b) *Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg;* ^(c) *ZITI Institut für*
technische Informatik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Mannheim, Germany
59 *Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan*
60 *Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington IN, United States of America*
61 *Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria*
62 *University of Iowa, Iowa City IA, United States of America*
63 *Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames IA, United States of America*
64 *Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, JINR Dubna, Dubna, Russia*
65 *KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan*
66 *Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan*
67 *Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan*
68 *Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan*
69 *Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan*
70 *Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina*
71 *Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom*
72 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Lecce;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce,*
Italy
73 *Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom*
74 *Department of Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia*
75 *School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom*
76 *Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Surrey, United Kingdom*
77 *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom*
78 *Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and*
CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
79 *Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden*
80 *Departamento de Física Teórica C-15, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain*
81 *Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany*
82 *School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom*
83 *CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France*
84 *Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA, United States of America*
85 *Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal QC, Canada*
86 *School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia*
87 *Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, United States of America*
88 *Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing MI, United States*
of America
89 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Milano;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy*
90 *B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Republic of*
Belarus
91 *National Scientific and Educational Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Republic*
of Belarus
92 *Department of Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge MA, United States of*
America
93 *Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal QC, Canada*
94 *P.N. Lebedev Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia*

- 95 *Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP), Moscow, Russia*
 96 *Moscow Engineering and Physics Institute (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia*
 97 *Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia*
 98 *Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany*
 99 *Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany*
 100 *Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan*
 101 *Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan*
 102 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Napoli;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Scienze Fisiche, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy*
 103 *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque NM, United States of America*
 104 *Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands*
 105 *Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands*
 106 *Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb IL, United States of America*
 107 *Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, SB RAS, Novosibirsk, Russia*
 108 *Department of Physics, New York University, New York NY, United States of America*
 109 *Ohio State University, Columbus OH, United States of America*
 110 *Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan*
 111 *Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman OK, United States of America*
 112 *Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater OK, United States of America*
 113 *Palacký University, RCPTM, Olomouc, Czech Republic*
 114 *Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene OR, United States of America*
 115 *LAL, Université Paris-Sud and CNRS/IN2P3, Orsay, France*
 116 *Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan*
 117 *Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway*
 118 *Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom*
 119 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Pavia;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy*
 120 *Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia PA, United States of America*
 121 *Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina, Russia*
 122 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Pisa;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy*
 123 *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh PA, United States of America*
 124 ^(a) *Laboratorio de Instrumentacao e Fisica Experimental de Particulas - LIP, Lisboa;*
^(b) *Departamento de Fisica Teorica y del Cosmos and CAFPE, Universidad de Granada, Granada, Spain*
 125 *Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Praha, Czech Republic*
 126 *Czech Technical University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic*
 127 *Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Charles University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic*
 128 *State Research Center Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, Russia*
 129 *Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom*
 130 *Physics Department, University of Regina, Regina SK, Canada*
 131 *Ritsumeikan University, Kusatsu, Shiga, Japan*
 132 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Roma I;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università La Sapienza, Roma, Italy*
 133 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy*
 134 ^(a) *INFN Sezione di Roma Tre;* ^(b) *Dipartimento di Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy*
 135 ^(a) *Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies - Université Hassan II, Casablanca;* ^(b) *Centre National de l'Energie des Sciences Techniques Nucleaires, Rabat;* ^(c) *Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA-Marrakech;* ^(d) *Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda;* ^(e) *Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V-Agdal, Rabat, Morocco*

- 136 DSM/IRFU (*Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l'Univers*), CEA Saclay
(Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique et aux Energies Alternatives), Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- 137 Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz CA,
United States of America
- 138 Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle WA, United States of America
- 139 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom
- 140 Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
- 141 Fachbereich Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
- 142 Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby BC, Canada
- 143 SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford CA, United States of America
- 144 (a) Faculty of Mathematics, Physics & Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava;
(b) Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of
Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic
- 145 (a) Department of Physics, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg; (b) School of Physics,
University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa
- 146 (a) Department of Physics, Stockholm University; (b) The Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
- 147 Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden
- 148 Departments of Physics & Astronomy and Chemistry, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook NY,
United States of America
- 149 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom
- 150 School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
- 151 Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- 152 Department of Physics, Technion: Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel
- 153 Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv,
Israel
- 154 Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
- 155 International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, The University
of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- 156 Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
- 157 Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
- 158 Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto ON, Canada
- 159 (a) TRIUMF, Vancouver BC; (b) Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto
ON, Canada
- 160 Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan
- 161 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford MA, United States of America
- 162 Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Narino, Bogota, Colombia
- 163 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine CA, United States of
America
- 164 (a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine; (b) ICTP, Trieste; (c) Dipartimento di Chimica, Fisica e
Ambiente, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
- 165 Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana IL, United States of America
- 166 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
- 167 Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC) and Departamento de Física Atómica, Molecular y Nuclear
and Departamento de Ingeniería Electrónica and Instituto de Microelectrónica de Barcelona
(IMB-CNM), University of Valencia and CSIC, Valencia, Spain
- 168 Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver BC, Canada
- 169 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC, Canada
- 170 Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
- 171 Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
- 172 Department of Particle Physics, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
- 173 Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison WI, United States of America
- 174 Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität, Würzburg, Germany

- 175 *Fachbereich C Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany*
- 176 *Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven CT, United States of America*
- 177 *Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia*
- 178 *Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France*
- ^a *Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London, United Kingdom*
- ^b *Also at Laboratorio de Instrumentacao e Fisica Experimental de Particulas - LIP, Lisboa, Portugal*
- ^c *Also at Faculdade de Ciencias and CFNUL, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal*
- ^d *Also at Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom*
- ^e *Also at Department of Physics, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg, South Africa*
- ^f *Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver BC, Canada*
- ^g *Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno CA, United States of America*
- ^h *Also at Novosibirsk State University, Novosibirsk, Russia*
- ⁱ *Also at Department of Physics, University of Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal*
- ^j *Also at Department of Physics, UASLP, San Luis Potosi, Mexico*
- ^k *Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy*
- ^l *Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada*
- ^m *Also at Department of Physics, Middle East Technical University, Ankara, Turkey*
- ⁿ *Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA, United States of America*
- ^o *Also at Dep Fisica and CEFITEC of Faculdade de Ciencias e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Caparica, Portugal*
- ^p *Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom*
- ^q *Also at Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town, South Africa*
- ^r *Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan*
- ^s *Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany*
- ^t *Also at Manhattan College, New York NY, United States of America*
- ^u *Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France*
- ^v *Also at School of Physics and Engineering, Sun Yat-sen University, Guanzhou, China*
- ^w *Also at Academia Sinica Grid Computing, Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan*
- ^x *Also at School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong, China*
- ^y *Also at Dipartimento di Fisica, Università La Sapienza, Roma, Italy*
- ^z *Also at DSM/IRFU (Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l'Univers), CEA Saclay (Commissariat à l'Énergie Atomique et aux Énergies Alternatives), Gif-sur-Yvette, France*
- ^{aa} *Also at Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland*
- ^{ab} *Also at Departamento de Fisica, Universidade de Minho, Braga, Portugal*
- ^{ac} *Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of South Carolina, Columbia SC, United States of America*
- ^{ad} *Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary*
- ^{ae} *Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena CA, United States of America*
- ^{af} *Also at Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland*
- ^{ag} *Also at LAL, Université Paris-Sud and CNRS/IN2P3, Orsay, France*
- ^{ah} *Also at Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington NY, United States of America*
- ^{ai} *Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom*
- ^{aj} *Also at Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom*
- ^{ak} *Also at Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, United States of America*
- ^{al} *Also at Discipline of Physics, University of KwaZulu-Natal, Durban, South Africa*
- ^{am} *Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan*
- * *Deceased*