

Nurses' Experience In Caring For Patients With Traumatic Spinal Cord Injury

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Table of Contents

SIGNED STATEMENT	6
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	7
ABSTRACT	9
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	10
Context of the Study	11
Statement of the Research Problem	12
Purpose of the Study	12
Aim of the Study	13
Specific Objectives	
Statement of the Research Question	
Significance of the Study	
Researcher Assumptions	
Definition of the Key Terms Used in the Study	
Summary of the Thesis	
Chapter Summary	19
CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW	20
Introduction	20
Spinal Cord Injury: Statistics and Facts	21
Understanding Spinal Cord Injury	
Trauma: The Effect on People	
The Concept of Caring In Nursing	
Research Related to Spinal Cord Injury and Traumatic Events	27
Chapter Summary	30
CHAPTER 3: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	32
Introduction	32
Phenomenology	
Husserlian Phenomenology	
Heideggerian Phenomenology	
From Heidegger to Hans-Georg Gadamer: Further Development Towards	
Hermeneutic Phenomenology	
The main concepts in Gadamer's philosophy	
Hermeneutic Phenomenology: Taking Residence in this Research	
Operationalising the Research: Van Manen's Methodological Structure	
Turning to the nature of lived experience	
Investigating experience as it is livedReflecting on essential themes	
The art of writing and rewriting	
Maintaining a strong and oriented relation	
Balancing the research context by considering the parts and the whole	
Chapter Summary	
•	
CHAPTER 4: METHOD	
Introduction	
Study SettingSample Population	
Recruitment	
Selection Criteria	
Ethical Considerations	
Consent	

Anonymity and Confidentiality	46
Data Storage	46
Data Collection	
Turning to a phenomenon that interests us and commits us to the world of phenomenon	
Investigating experience as we live it rather than as we conceptualise it	48
The interview process	48
Reflecting on essential themes that characterise the phenomenon	50
Describing the phenomenon through the art of writing and rewriting	51
Maintaining an orientation to the phenomenon of interest	
Balancing the research context by considering the parts and the whole	
Methodological Rigour	
Chapter Summary	55
CHAPTER 5: ANALYSIS	56
Introduction	
Analytical Framework	
Burnard's Method of Thematic Analysis	
Chapter Summary	
•	
CHAPTER 6: FINDINGS AND INTERPRETATIONS	
Introduction	
Participant Profiles	
Pink	
Colette	
Rick	
Nate	
Kate	
Chris	
Essential theme: The passage of care	
Essential theme: Patients' needs	
Essential theme: Hope and grief	
Essential theme: Nurses' interpretations of the patients and families	
Chapter Summary	
•	
CHAPTER 7: DISCUSSION OF MAJOR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS	AND
CONCLUSION	
Introduction	
Major Findings and Their Significance	
The passage of care	
Patients' needs	
Hope and grief	
Nurses' interpretation of the patients and families	
Study Limitations	
Recommendations	
Recommendations for practice	
Recommendations for education	
Recommendations for further research	
Conclusions	106
REFERENCES	107
APPENDICIES	118
MEERINIJI IR 3	, , , ,

List of Figures

Figure 4.1: Dynamic interplay between Van Manen's methodological structure and Gadamer's hermeneutic philosophy	
Figure 5.1: Flowchart of Burnard's process of analysis (Burnard's 1991)58	3
Figure 5.2: Development of the essential theme 'The Passage of Care'65	5
Figure 5.3: Development of the essential themes 'Patients' Needs', 'Hope and Griand 'Nurses' Interpretation of the Patients and Families'6	
Figure 7.1: The passage of caring for patients with traumatic spinal cord injury tha have neurological deficits96	

List of Tables

Fable 5.1: Example of identification of headings and clarification within the ext	
Table 5:2: Description of open coding in illuminating nurses' experiences in patients with traumatic spinal cord injuries	-
Table 5.3: Development of sub-themes and essential themes	

SIGNED STATEMENT

I certify that the work in this thesis contains no material that has been accepted

or offered for the award of any other degree or diploma from any university or

other tertiary institution, and to the best of my knowledge has no material

previously published or written by another person, except where due reference

had been made in the text.

I also certify that any assistance received in preparing in the thesis, including all

the sources used, had been acknowledged within the thesis.

I give consent to this copy of my thesis, when deposited in the School of

Nursing library, being available for loan and photocopying.

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6

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'He who does not thank people, does not thank Allah'

(Prophet Muhammad, peace be upon him)

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ABSTRACT

The aim of this study was to explore nurses' experiences when caring for patients with traumatic spinal cord injury that had neurological deficit at a spinal unit in Australia. The study used a hermeneutic phenomenological approach. Three registered nurses and three enrolled nurses with a broad range of experience were recruited and interviewed. The data were transcribed and analysed using Burnard's (1991) 14-step approach to analysis. Four essential themes emerged: 'Nurses' interpretation of the patients and family', 'The passage of care', 'Patient needs' and 'Hope and grief'. The study revealed the experiences of six nurses, highlighting the passage of nursing care that the nurses underwent while caring for spinal cord injury patients. Although these patients had physical disabilities and were dependent physically, the nurses in this study showed that their concern and attentiveness was directed more towards fulfilling their patients' psychological needs. During the acute phase, the nurses identified patients that were going through the process of grief. They believe in providing patients with hope in order to motivate them to move on in their lives; however, they knew that giving false hope may have a negative impact. Finally, the experience of caring for these patients and going through the passage of care gave the nurses the opportunity to understand their patients and their families. This suggests that the time spent with patients and their families gave the nurses a broader understanding of them, which in the long term helped the nurses to plan the care for future patients, and at the same time help their families to go through the traumatic life changes resulting from their family member's injury.